the Indian subcontinent

Since 1947:
The Legacy of Independence
Border problems
Jawarlal Nehru

- Ally of Gandhi.
- 1st Prime Minister of India, 1947-1964.
- Advocated Industrialization.
- Promoted “Green Revolution”.
- Mixed Economy.
- Nonaligned Movement.
Non-Alignment Movement
India’s “mixed economy”

- The “mix” refers to private and public ownership.
- Foreign aid and foreign investment are crucial.
- Urban areas have high-tech companies.
- Three quarters of the population are farmers living in small villages.
- India’s "Green Revolution" allowed farmers to triple their crop by using modern science and technology.
India’s “Green Revolution”

- Introducing higher-yielding varieties of seeds in 1965.
- Increased use of fertilizers & irrigation.
- \textit{GOAL} \rightarrow make India self-sufficient in food grains.
Indira Gandhi

- Nehru’s daughter.
- Prime Minister of India, 1966-1984.
- Continues Nehru’s policies.
- Faced corruption charges & internal rebellion.
India’s persecution of the Sikhs
Mrs. Gandhi assassinated!
Rajiv Gandhi

- Indira's son.
- Prime Minister of India, 1984-1989.
- Some reform of economy and government.
- Also faced rebellion.
- Assassinated in 1991 while campaigning.
A foreigner joins the family

- Italian-born Sonia Maino married Rajiv 1968.
- She moved into the house of mother-in-law, Prime Minister Indira Gandhi.
Mrs. Sonia Maino Gandhi

- 1983 → Indian citizen.
- 1984 → first lady when her husband, Rajiv Gandhi, succeeded his assassinated mother as Prime Minister.
1991 → Tragedy struck the Gandhi family again when Rajiv was killed by a suicide bomber.
- Sonia Gandhi remains Roman Catholic, but follows Hindu and Indian traditions.
- With her children, she scattered Rajiv's ashes in the Ganges.
After Rajiv's death Sonia shied away from the spotlight. In 1998, she agreed to start her own career as a “Gandhi” again and became an important political leader.
- Sonia's son Rahul and daughter Priyanka have also become politically active.
India’s Nehru-Family Dynasty

With victories yesterday, the Nehru-Gandhi family is in its fifth generation in public service, dating to Motilal Nehru, a follower of Mohandas K. Gandhi (who no relation to the family).

Motilal Nehru 1861-1931
An associate of Mohandas K. Gandhi; served as president of the Congress Party in 1929.

Jawaharlal Nehru 1889-1964
Prime Minister in independent India, 1947-1964.

Indira (Nehru) Gandhi 1917-1984

Sonia (Mainoo) Gandhi
Age 57
Italian-born, became an Indian citizen in 1983; President of Congress Party.

Rajiv Gandhi
1944-1991
Prime Minister, 1984-1989

Sanjay Gandhi
1946-1980
One-time Congress Party official, died in a plane crash in 1980.

Varun Gandhi
Age 24
Member of the Bharatiya Janata Party.

Maneka (Anand) Gandhi
Age 47
Member of Parliament since 1996.

Feroze Gandhi
1913-1960

Rahul Gandhi
Age 33
Elected to Parliament yesterday.

Priyanka Gandhi
Age 32
Served as her mother’s campaign manager.

Sources: WilsonWeb; Columbia Encyclopedia, 6th Edition

Photographs by (from left): The British Library; London Express/Pictorial Parade; Agence Presse France; Associated Press
“The Jewel turns down the crown!”

- When her party won in the recent elections, she was asked to be Prime Minister.
- She decided not to accept the position.
May 2004 → he held up a letter from India’s president authorizing him to form a new government as prime minister.

He stood next to Sonia Gandhi, the candidate for the post who stunned the country when she declined the office.
May 2004

India Swears in 13th Prime Minister and the first Sikh in the job.
Major problems & Issues in India today

- Overpopulation → 1 billion & climbing.
- Economic development.
- Hindu-Muslim tensions.
- Gender issues → dowry killings.
- Caste bias → discrimination against untouchables continues.
- The Kashmir dispute and nuclear weapons.
- Political assassinations.
Greater tamil nadu
Tamil Separatism: The “tamil tigers”
Is the dream gone?
Pakistan

- Led briefly by Muhammad Ali Jinnah.
- Prime Minister Ayub Khan.
- Dangerous combination
  - Was not prepared to rule in 1948.
  - Strong Islamic fundamentalism.
  - Impoverished.
- Pakistan divides in 1972
  - W. Pakistan = Pakistan
  - E. Pakistan = Bangladesh
Benazir Bhutto

- **First Woman Prime Minister, 1988**
  - Ousted in 1990, 1993 on corruption charges.
- **Nawaz Sharif**
  - Ousted three times.
  - Struggle between modernizers and fundamentalists.
Gen. Pervex Musharaff

- Coup d'état.
- Secular government against Islamic fundamentalists.
- U.S. ally in the “War on Terror.”
Major problems & Issues in Pakistan today

- Economic development.
- Political instability/military dictatorship.
- Hindu-Muslim tensions.
- Gender issues → honor killings.
- Terrorism.
- The Kashmir dispute and nuclear weapons.
India v. Pakistan: dangerous rivals
India-Pakistan Border Disputes
1971 India-Pakistan War
Mrs. Gandhi with her troops
### 2002 Military Statistics

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<th>Pakistan</th>
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SO MUCH FOR NON-VIOLENCE.
1. jimmu & kashmir
Kashmir Crisis
Help liberate Kashmir from Islamic terrorists! We must not turn our heads as our own people are being massacred and kicked out of their homeland. Help by supporting Hindu groups or by taking action yourselves. Hindu militancy is the only way to defend our religion, our country, and our people!
Indian Soldiers Patrol the India-Pakistan Border in Pura, the Winter Capital of the State of Jammu & Kashmir - 1998
Indian Soldiers Near the Pakistani Border - 2001
A Pakistani Ranger at the Indian-Pakistani Joint Border Check Post in Wagha, India - 2001
Anti-war Protestors in Karachi, Pakistan - 2001
Kashmiri Militants - 2003
2. nuclear rivalry
What title would you give this political cartoon?

INDIA TESTS NUCLEAR WEAPONS...
The India-Pakistan Arms Race Heats Up in the Late 1990s
## 2002 Nuclear Statistics

**Sources:** Associated Press; Pakistan Armed Forces; Jane’s Information Group

### India

- **Agni 1:** 69.3
- **Agni 2:** 66
- **Prithvi 1:** 28.2
- **Prithvi 2:** 28.2
- **Ghauri 1:** 28
- **Shaheen 1:** 33
- **Ghauri 2:** 39.6
- **Shaheen 2:** 52.5

### Pakistan

- **Agni 1:** 2,200
- **Agni 2:** 2,200
- **Prithvi 1:** 1,760
- **Prithvi 2:** 1,100
- **Ghauri 1:** 1,100
- **Shaheen 1:** 1,100
- **Ghauri 2:** 2,200
- **Shaheen 2:** 2,640

### Additional Details

- **Range:**
  - **Agni 1:** 1,560
  - **Agni 2:** 2,190
  - **Prithvi 1:** 94
  - **Prithvi 2:** 156
  - **Ghauri 1:** 375
  - **Shaheen 1:** 940
  - **Ghauri 2:** 1,440
  - **Shaheen 2:** 1,560

- **Weight:**
  - **Agni 1:** 495
  - **Agni 2:** 330
  - **Prithvi 1:** 165
  - **Prithvi 2:** 248
  - **Ghauri 1:** 660
  - **Shaheen 1:** n/a
  - **Ghauri 2:** 660
  - **Shaheen 2:** 8,250

**Note:**

**up to 1,650 lbs.**
India's Prithvi Missiles First Tested in 1988
Supporters of former Indian Prime Minister Atal Bihari Vajpayee chant nationalist slogans in support for his nuclear policy - 1998
Former Indian Prime Minister, Atal Bihari Vajpayee, displays a sword given to him by Sikh youths in New Delhi to honor him for making India a nuclear power - 1998
Right-wing Pakistani Activists Burn Indian Flag to Protest Indian Nuclear Tests - 1998
Hot Air Balloon Protesting India & Pakistan’s nuclear testing - 1998
India Displays Nuclear Missiles During “Republic Day,” - 2002
India Successfully Tested Agni Missiles - 2002
Musharraf and Vajpayee at a meeting on nuclear issues in Nepal in 2002
Is this a possibility?

Two words to keep in mind during negotiations over Kashmir...

Pagasaki

Hindushima

Mike Koike

June 2002
India's Prime Minister
ManMohan Singh

Pakistan's President
Pervez Musharraf
New Friends?

Musharraf and India's new Prime Minister Manmohan Singh speak by telephone frequently affirming a strong desire for peace and resolution of their disputes, including Kashmir, on which the two countries have fought two of their three wars.
Partners in the “War on Terror?”

Could you two just smile at each other?
US Sells F-16 Jets to Pakistan—India Not Pleased!
(3/25/05)

ManMohan Singh of India with President Bush (9/04)