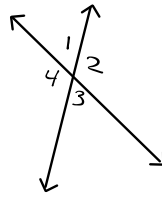


Lesson 7.1a Adjacent and Vertical Angle

7.1a Adjacent & Vertical Angles

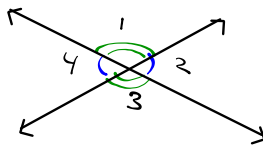
Adjacent angle - share a common side and have the same vertex



$\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$
are adjacent
 $\angle 2$ and $\angle 4$
are not adjacent

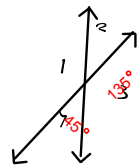
Vertical angles - two angles that are opposite of each other formed by the intersection of two lines. Vertical angles are congruent.

* Congruent means equal or same measure



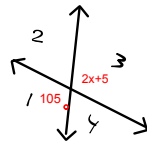
$\angle 1$ & $\angle 3$ are
vertical angles
 $\angle 2$ & $\angle 4$ are
vertical angles

Ex. 1



What is measure of
 $\angle 2$ & $\angle 1$?
 $\angle 2 = 45^\circ$
 $\angle 1 = 135^\circ$

Ex. 2



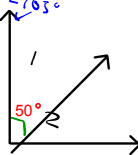
Find x.

$$\begin{aligned} \angle 1 &= \angle 3 \\ 105^\circ &= 2x + 5 \\ -5^\circ & \quad -5^\circ \\ \hline 100^\circ &= 2x \\ \frac{100^\circ}{2} &= \frac{2x}{2} \\ \boxed{50^\circ} &= x \end{aligned}$$

Check:

$$\begin{aligned} \angle 1 &= \angle 3 \\ 105^\circ &= 2x + 5^\circ \\ 105^\circ &= 2(50^\circ) + 5^\circ \\ 105^\circ &= 100^\circ + 5^\circ \\ 105^\circ &= 105^\circ \end{aligned}$$

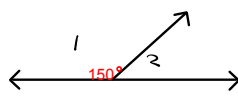
Ex. 3



$$\begin{aligned} \angle 1 + \angle 2 &= 90^\circ \\ 50^\circ + \angle 2 &= 90^\circ \\ -50^\circ & \quad -50^\circ \\ \hline \boxed{\angle 2 = 40^\circ} \end{aligned}$$

Check: $\angle 1 + \angle 2 = 90^\circ$
 $50^\circ + 40^\circ = 90^\circ$
 $90^\circ = 90^\circ$

Ex. 4



$$\begin{aligned} \angle 1 + \angle 2 &= 180^\circ \\ 150^\circ + \angle 2 &= 180^\circ \\ -150^\circ & \quad -150^\circ \\ \hline \boxed{\angle 2 = 30^\circ} \end{aligned}$$

Check: $\angle 1 + \angle 2 = 180^\circ$
 $150^\circ + 30^\circ = 180^\circ$
 $180^\circ = 180^\circ$