

Information Included on the Federal Report Card

Part (i): General Description of the Texas State Accountability System

- (I) the minimum number of students that the State determines are necessary to be included in each of the subgroups of students for use in the accountability system;
- (II) the long-term goals and measurements of interim progress for all students and for each of the subgroups of students;
- (III) the indicators used to meaningfully differentiate all public schools in the State;
- (IV) the State's system for meaningfully differentiating all public schools in the State, including—
 - (aa) the specific weight of the indicators in such differentiation;
 - (bb) the methodology by which the State differentiates all such schools;
 - (cc) the methodology by which the State differentiates a school as consistently underperforming for any subgroup of students; and
 - (dd) the methodology by which the State identifies a school for comprehensive support and improvement;
- (V) the number and names of all public schools in the State identified by the State for comprehensive support and improvement or implementing targeted support and improvement plans;
- (VI) the exit criteria established by the State, including the length of years established.

Part (ii): Student Achievement by Proficiency Level

This section provides information on student achievement on the STAAR (State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness) performance for mathematics, reading/ELA, and science by grade level and proficiency level for the 2018–19 school year. These results include all students tested, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset.

Part (iii)(I): Academic Growth

This section provides information on students' academic growth for mathematics and reading/ELA for public elementary schools and secondary schools which don't have a graduation rate, for the 2018-19 school year. These results include all students tested, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset.

Part (iii)(II): Graduation Rate

This section provides information on high school graduation rates for the class of 2018.

Part (iv): English Language Proficiency

This section provides information on the number and percentage of English learners achieving English language proficiency based on the 2019 TELPAS (Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System) data.

Part (v): School Quality or Student Success (SQSS)

This section provides information on the other indicator of school quality or student success, which is college, career and military readiness (CCMR) for high schools and average performance rate of the three STAAR performance levels of all students, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset, for elementary and secondary schools without a graduation rate.

Part (vi): Goal Meeting Status

This section provides information on the progress of all students and each student group toward meeting the long-term goals or interim objectives on STAAR academic performance, federal graduation rate, and English learners' language proficiency.

Part (vii): STAAR Participation

This section provides the percentage of students assessed and not assessed on STAAR for mathematics, reading/ELA, and science.

Part (viii): Civil Rights Data

Part (viii)(I) The section provides information from the 2015-16 CRDC surveys, submitted by school districts to the Office for Civil Rights, on measures of school quality, climate, and safety, including counts of in-school suspensions, out-of-school suspensions, expulsions, school related arrests, referrals to law enforcement, chronic absenteeism (including both excused and unexcused absences), incidences of violence, including bullying and harassment.

Part (viii)(II) This section provides information from the 2015-16 CRDC surveys, submitted by school districts to the Office for Civil Rights, on the number of students enrolled in preschool programs and accelerated coursework to earn postsecondary credit while still in high school.

Part (ix): Teacher Quality Data

This section provides information on the professional qualifications of teachers, including information disaggregated by high- and low-poverty schools on the number and percentage of (I) inexperienced teacher, principals, and other school leaders; (II) teachers teaching with emergency or provisional credentials; and (III) teachers who are not teaching in the subject or field for which the teacher is certified or licensed.

Part (x): Per-pupil Expenditure

This section provides information on the per-pupil expenditures of federal, state, and local funds, including actual personnel expenditures and actual non-personnel expenditures, disaggregated by source of funds, for each school district and campus for the preceding fiscal year.

To be updated by June 30th, 2020.

Part (xi): STAAR Alternate 2 Participation

This section provides information on the number and percentage of students with the most-significant cognitive disabilities who take STAAR Alternate 2, by grade and subject for the 2018-19 school year.

Part (xii): Statewide National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP)

This section provides results on the state academic assessments in reading and mathematics in grades 4 and 8 of the 2019 National Assessment of Educational Progress, compared to the national average of such results.

Part (xiii): Cohort Rate of Graduates Enrolled in Postsecondary Education

This section provides information on the cohort rate at which students who graduated from high school in the 2016-17 school year enrolled in a Texas public postsecondary education institution in the 2017-18 academic year.

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2019 Accountability Rating: The overall rating earned by the district or campus for 2019.

2019 Special Education Determination Status (*district TAPR only*): This label represents an integrated determination status based on an evaluation of each district's Results Driven Accountability (RDA) indicators (formerly Performance Based Monitoring Analysis indicators) in the special education program area; the State Performance Plan (SPP) compliance indicators 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13; data integrity; uncorrected noncompliance; and audit findings. Districts receive one of four special education determination statuses:

Meets Requirements

Needs Assistance

Needs Intervention

Needs Substantial Intervention

For more information, see the special education intervention guidance and resources documents at the following link: <https://tea.texas.gov/si/SPEDmonitoring/>

Additional resources include the RDA Manual and the State Performance Plan at the following links: <https://tea.texas.gov/academics/special-student-populations/review-and-support/results-driven-accountability-rda>

https://tea.texas.gov/Reports_and_Data/Data_Submission/State_Performance_Plan/State_Performance_Plan_and_Annual_Performance_Report_and_Requirements/

2019 Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery (ASVAB) Test (Career Exploration) (*district TAPR only*): Senate Bill 1843 requires that each school year, each school district and open-enrollment charter school provide students in grades 10–12 the opportunity to take the ASVAB and consult with a military recruiter. There are two types of ASVAB tests; only the ASVAB Career Exploration Program (CEP) was evaluated.

Not Given: The district completed the reporting requirement but did not offer the ASVAB CEP.

Alternate Test Given: The district completed the reporting requirement and did not offer the ASVAB CEP but did offer an alternate test.

Performance

STAAR (State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness): A comprehensive testing program for public school students in grades 3–8 or high school courses with end-of-course (EOC) assessments. The STAAR program is designed to measure to what extent a student has learned, understood, and is able to apply the concepts and skills expected at each grade level or after completing each course for which an EOC assessment exists. Each STAAR assessment is linked directly to the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS). The TEKS are the state-mandated content standards that describe what a student should know and be able to do upon completion of a course. For more information on the TEKS, see the *Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills* website at <http://tea.texas.gov/curriculum/teks/>.

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Other Important Information:

Substitute Assessments. Certain, specific assessments that students may take in place of an EOC assessment. For more information, see the Texas Administrative Code, §101.4002, at <http://ritter.tea.state.tx.us/rules/tac/chapter101/ch101dd.html>.

Special Education. STAAR (with and without accommodations) and STAAR Alternate 2 results are included.

Spanish STAAR. All STAAR assessments in grades 3, 4, and 5 are available in both English and Spanish. The TAPR performance includes performance on the Spanish STAAR.

Rounding of STAAR results. STAAR performance shown on the TAPR is rounded to whole numbers. For example, 49.877% is rounded to 50%; 49.4999% is rounded to 49%; and 59.5% is rounded to 60%.

Masking. STAAR performance rates are masked when necessary to comply with FERPA. For more information, see the Explanation of Masking at <https://rptsvr1.tea.texas.gov/perfreport/account/2019/masking.html>.

STAAR Performance

The STAAR Performance section of the TAPR displays performance results by grade, subject and performance level for students in the accountability subset, which are students enrolled in the same district/campus on both the snapshot date (TSDS PEIMS October snapshot) and the testing date. The STAAR Performance–All Students section of the TAPR displays STAAR performance by grade, subject, and performance level and includes all students tested, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset.

STAAR:

Grade 3 – reading and mathematics

Grade 4 – reading, mathematics, and writing

Grade 5 – reading (first and second administration cumulative), mathematics (first and second administration cumulative), and science

Grade 6 – reading and mathematics

Grade 7 – reading, mathematics, and writing

Grade 8 – reading (first and second administration cumulative), mathematics (first and second administration cumulative), science, and social studies

End-of-Course (EOC):

English I

English II

Algebra I

Biology

U.S. History

STAAR Percentage at Approaches Grade Level or Above. The percentage of assessments that met or exceeded the Approaches Grade Level standard.

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STAAR Percentage at Meets Grade Level or Above. The percentage of assessments that met or exceeded the Meets Grade Level standard.

STAAR Percentage at Masters Grade Level. The percentage of assessments that met the Masters Grade Level standard.

STAAR Performance Rate by Enrolled Grade at Meets Grade Level or Above on Both Reading and Mathematics. The percentage of students who took both the reading and mathematics STAAR and met or exceeded the Meets Grade Level standard on both assessments (excluding EOC assessments).

STAAR Performance Rate by Enrolled Grade at Meets Grade Level or Above on Both Reading and Mathematics Including EOC. The percentage of students who took both the reading and mathematics STAAR or EOC and met or exceeded the Meets Grade Level standard on both assessments.

STAAR Performance Rate by Enrolled Grade at Meets Grade Level or Above on Reading Including EOC. The percentage of students who took the reading STAAR or the English I or II EOC and met or exceeded the Meets Grade Level standard.

STAAR Performance Rate by Enrolled Grade at Meets Grade Level or Above on Mathematics Including EOC. The percentage of students who took the mathematics STAAR or the Algebra I EOC and met or exceeded the Meets Grade Level standard.

Progress (Academic Growth and STAAR Progress Measure)

School Progress Domain—Academic Growth Score. Growth score awarded in School Progress, Part A: Academic Growth for improving performance year over year as measured by STAAR progress measures and performance levels on STAAR.

STAAR Progress Measure Percent at Expected or Accelerated Growth. The percentage of assessments that met or exceeded the STAAR progress measure expectations. See Chapter 3 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#) for more information.

STAAR Progress Measure Percent at Accelerated Growth. The percentage of assessments that exceeded the STAAR progress measure expectations. See Chapter 3 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#) for more information.

Percent of Students Maintaining or Improving Compared to Prior Year Performance Level. The percentage of students that maintained or improved their STAAR performance levels this year in comparison with last year. Students are included in the performance level achieved in the prior year.

Prior Year and SSI

Progress of Prior-Year Non-Proficient Students: The percentage of students in grades 4–8 who did not reach the satisfactory standard on STAAR (including STAAR Alternate 2) in the prior year but passed the corresponding assessment in the current year. For 2018–19, rates for ELA/reading and mathematics are calculated as follows:

number of matched grades 4–8 students who did not reach the satisfactory standard in 2018 but passed in 2019

number of matched grades 4–8 students who did not reach the satisfactory standard in 2018

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For 2018–19, students in grades 4–8 included in these measures are those who

- took the spring 2018–19 STAAR (with or without accommodations) or STAAR Alternate 2 in ELA/reading and/or mathematics. This indicator does not include grade 3 assessment takers because that is the first STAAR assessment;
- are part of the 2018–19 accountability subset;
- can be matched to the spring 2017–18 STAAR administration—anywhere in the state—to find their prior year score for ELA/reading and/or mathematics; and
- did not reach the satisfactory standard on the 2017–18 STAAR administration of ELA/reading and/or mathematics.

Student Success Initiative (SSI): Grade-advancement requirements enacted by the 76th Legislature in 1999 that require students to demonstrate proficiency on the reading and mathematics assessments in grades 5 and 8.

For 2019, the TAPR shows the following for each SSI grade:

- (1) *Students Meeting Approaches Grade Level Standard on First STAAR Administration:* The percentage of students who met the Approaches Grade Level standard during the first administration. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students who met the Approaches Grade Level standard in the first administration}}{\text{number of students who took the assessment in the first administration}}$$

number of students who took the assessment in the first administration

- (2) *Students Requiring Accelerated Instruction:* The percentage of students who did not pass the first administration of the STAAR. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students who did not meet the standard in the first administration}}{\text{number of students who took the assessment in the first administration}}$$

number of students who took the assessment in the first administration

- (3) *STAAR Cumulative Met Standard:* The cumulative (and unduplicated) percentage of students who took and passed the assessments in the first and second administrations combined. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students who passed the assessment in either of the first two administrations}}{\text{cumulative number of students who took the assessment in either of the first two administrations}}$$

cumulative number of students who took the assessment in either of the first two administrations

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- (4) *STAAR Non-Proficient Students Promoted by a Grade Placement Committee (GPC)*: The percentage of students who did not reach the satisfactory standard on STAAR but were promoted to the next grade level by a grade placement committee. It is calculated as follows:

number of students who did not pass the assessment in the first, second, or third administrations but were promoted to the next grade level

number of students who did not pass the assessment in the first, second, or third administrations

- (5) *STAAR Met Standard (Non-Proficient in Previous Year) Promoted and Retained*: The percentage of students who met standard this year but did not meet the satisfactory standard on STAAR in the previous year, disaggregated by promoted or retained.

Promoted to Grade 6 or 9: The percentage of students who passed the STAAR in 2019 who were promoted to grade 6 or 9. Using grade 5 reading as an example, the calculation is as follows:

number of students promoted by their GPC who passed grade 6 reading STAAR in 2019

number of students who were promoted by their GPC and took grade 6 reading STAAR in 2019

Retained in Grade 5 or 8: The percentage of students who passed the STAAR in 2019 who were retained in grade 5 or 8. Using grade 5 reading as an example, the calculation is as follows:

number of students retained who passed grade 5 reading STAAR in 2019

number of students retained and took grade 5 reading STAAR in 2019

Bilingual Education/ESL

Bilingual Education (BE): Dual-language program that enables English learners to become competent in listening, speaking, reading, and writing in English through the development of literacy and academic skills in both the primary language and English. This category includes the following:

BE-Trans Early Exit. Bilingual program model that serves students of limited English proficiency. The transitional bilingual/early exit model transfers a student to English-only instruction between two and five years after the student enrolls in school.

BE-Trans Late Exit. Bilingual program model that serves students of limited English proficiency. The transitional bilingual/late exit model transfers a student to English-only instruction between six and seven years after the student enrolls in school.

BE-Dual Two-Way. Biliteracy program model designed to develop fluency and literacy in English and another language. The dual language immersion/two-way model integrates students of limited English proficiency with students proficient in English and transfers a student of limited English proficiency to English-only instruction between six and seven years after the student enrolls in school.

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BE-Dual One-Way. Bilingual program model designed to develop fluency and literacy in English. The dual language immersion/one-way model serves only students of limited English proficiency and transfers a student to English-only instruction between six and seven years after the student enrolls in school.

English as a Second Language (ESL): An intensive program designed to develop proficiency in listening, speaking, reading, and writing in the English language. This category includes the following:

ESL Content. An English program that serves students of limited English proficiency. The English as a second language/content-based model provides a full-time teacher that gives supplementary instruction for all content areas.

ESL Pull-Out. An English program that serves students of limited English proficiency. The English as a second language/pull-out model provides a part-time teacher to give instruction in English language arts only. A student in an ESL Pull-Out program remains in mainstream instructional arrangements for all other content areas.

Limited English Proficient (LEP): The count and percentage of students whose primary language is other than English and who are in the process of acquiring English. The terms “English language learner,” “English learner,” and “Limited English Proficient” (LEP) are used interchangeably. This category includes:

LEP No Services. A student identified as limited English proficient who does not receive any bilingual education or English as a second language services.

LEP with Services. A student identified as limited English proficient who receives bilingual education services or English as a second language services.

School Progress Domain—Academic Growth Score: Points earned for results that either maintained performance or earned *Expected/Accelerated* on the STAAR progress measure. Only includes assessments eligible for a STAAR progress measure.

STAAR Progress Measure Percent at Expected or Accelerated Growth: The percentage of assessments that met or exceeded the STAAR progress measure expectations. See Chapter 3 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#) for more information.

Participation

STAAR Participation

The percentage of students who were administered a STAAR assessment, STAAR Alternate 2, Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System (TELPAS), and/or TELPAS Alternate. The details on the participation categories are as follows:

Assessment Participant: 1) number of answer documents with a score code of S, 2) number of STAAR Alternate 2 testers with a score code of N, 3) number of substitute assessments, 4) number of A or O reading answer documents with a scored TELPAS or TELPAS Alternate assessment, and 5) number of A or O mathematics answer documents with a scored TELPAS or TELPAS alternate assessment for year 1–5 asylee/refugees and students with interrupted formal education (SIFEs)

- *Included in Accountability:* scored answer documents used in determining the district or campus accountability rating, including substitute assessments with a score code of O

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- *Not included in Accountability:* answer documents counted as participants but not used in determining the district or campus accountability rating
 - ◆ *Mobile:* answer documents were excluded because the students enrolled in the district or campus after the fall TSDS PEIMS submission dates (October 26, 2018, or October 27, 2017, for summer 2018 EOCs)
 - ◆ *Other Exclusions.* The following answer documents were excluded from the rating determination:
 - ❖ Answer documents for students who were tested only on the TELPAS/TELPAS Alternate or TELPAS/TELPAS Alternate plus STAAR assessments with score codes of A or O.
 - ❖ Answer documents of students who are either an English learner who has been in school in the U.S. for one year or an unschooled asylee, unschooled refugee, or SIFE student who has been in school in the U.S. for less than six years.
 - ❖ Answer documents of STAAR Alternate 2 testers with a score code of N.

Not Tested: answer documents with score codes A or O

- *Absent:* answer documents with score code A
- *Other:* answer documents with score code O, except for substitute assessments.

The denominator for participation is the sum of these five categories: Included in Accountability, Mobile, Other Exclusions, and Not Tested (Absent and Other). STAAR Participation Rate is rounded to a whole number. For example, 94.49% is rounded to 94%. Small values may show as zero: 0.4% is rounded to 0%, and 0.6% is rounded to 1%. (Data source: STAAR and TELPAS File)

Attendance and Graduation

Attendance, Graduation, and Dropout Rates

Attendance Rate: The percentage of days that students were present in 2017–18 based on student attendance for the entire school year. Only students in grades 1–12 are included in the calculation. Attendance is calculated as follows:

total number of days that students in grades 1–12 were present in 2017–18

total number of days that students in grades 1–12 were in membership in 2017–18

This indicator was used in awarding distinction designations in 2019. For a detailed explanation of distinction designations, see Chapter 6 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#). (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 42400)

Annual Dropout Rate: The percentage of students who drop out of school during a school year. Annual dropout rates are shown for districts and campuses that serve grades 7–8 and/or 9–12. State law prohibits including a student who meets any of the following criteria from campus and district annual dropout rate calculations:

- Is ordered by a court to attend a high school equivalency certificate program but has not earned a high school equivalency certificate
- Was previously reported to the state as a dropout

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- Was in attendance but not in membership for purposes of average daily attendance (i.e., students for whom school districts are not receiving state Foundation School Program [FSP] funds)
- Was initially enrolled in a school in the United States in any grade 7 through 12 as an unschooled refugee or asylee as defined by [TEC §39.027\(a-1\)](#)
- Attends a district exclusively as a function of having been detained at a county detention facility and is not otherwise a student of the district in which the facility is located or is being provided services by an open-enrollment charter school exclusively as the result of having been detained at the facility
- Is incarcerated in a state jail or federal penitentiary as an adult or as a person certified to stand trial as an adult
- Is a student in a Texas Juvenile Justice Department facility or residential treatment facility served by a Texas public school district
- Is at least 18 years of age as of September 1 and has satisfied the credit requirements for high school graduation; has not completed his or her individualized education program (IEP); and is enrolled and receiving IEP services

Annual Dropout Rate (Gr 7–8). This includes only grades 7 and 8. It is calculated as follows:

number of dropouts in grades 7 and 8 during the 2017–18 school year

number of students in grades 7 and 8 in attendance at any time during the 2017–18 school year

Annual Dropout Rate (Gr 9–12). This includes grades 9 through 12. It is calculated as follows:

number of dropouts in grades 9–12 during the 2017–18 school year

number of students in grades 9–12 in attendance at any time during the 2017–18 school year

Both annual dropout rates appear on campus, district, region, and state TAPRs. The state and region annual dropout rates that are reported on district and campus TAPRs, however, are calculated without the exclusions required for campus and district calculations.

Note that with all annual dropout rate calculations, a cumulative count of students is used in the denominator. This method for calculating the dropout rate neutralizes the effect of mobility by including in the denominator every student ever reported in attendance at the district or campus throughout the school year, regardless of length of enrollment. For a more complete description of dropout rates and exclusions, see the [Secondary School Completion and Dropouts in Texas Public Schools, 2017–18](#) reports, available on the TEA website at http://tea.texas.gov/acctres/dropcomp_index.html.

For detailed information on data sources, see Appendix H in the [2019 Accountability Manual](#) (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40203, 40110, 42400, and 42500)

Longitudinal Rates: The status of a group (cohort) of students after four years in high school (4-Year Longitudinal Rate), after five years in high school (5-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate), or after six years in high school (6-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate).

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For the *4-Year Longitudinal Rate*, the cohort consists of students who first attended ninth grade in 2014–15. They are followed through their expected graduation with the Class of 2018.

For the *5-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate*, the cohort consists of students who first attended ninth grade in 2013–14. They are followed for five years and included if they graduated within a year after their expected graduation with the Class of 2017.

For the *6-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate*, the cohort consists of students who first attended ninth grade in 2012–13. They are followed for six years and included if they graduated within two years after their expected graduation with the Class of 2016.

Additional Information on Cohorts:

A student transfers into a campus, district, or state cohort when he or she moves into the cohort from another high school in Texas, from another district in Texas, or from out of state.

A student transfers out of a campus or district cohort when he or she moves to another public high school in Texas or moves to another district in Texas. Note that these students are transferred into the cohort of the high school or district to which they moved. There are also students who move out of state or out of the country and students who transfer to private schools or who are home-schooled. These types of transfer students cannot be tracked and are not included in longitudinal rate calculations.

A student does not change cohorts if he or she repeats or skips a grade. A student who begins with the 2014–15 ninth-grade cohort remains with that cohort. A student who started the ninth grade in 2014–15 but takes 5 years to graduate (i.e., graduates in May 2019) is still part of the 2018 cohort; he or she is not switched to the 2019 cohort. This student would be considered a continuing student and counted as part of the Continued HS number for the Class of 2018. This is also true for the five-year and six-year extended longitudinal cohorts.

There are four student outcomes used in computing each longitudinal rate:

4-Year Longitudinal Rate

- (1) *Graduated*: The percentage who received their high school diploma in four years or fewer by August 31, 2018 for the 2018 cohort.

**number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by
August 31, 2018**

number of students in the 2018 cohort*

- (2) *Received TxCHSE*: For the 2018 cohort, the percentage who received a Texas high school equivalency certificate by August 31, 2018. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2018

number of students in the 2018 cohort*

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- (3) *Continued High School*: The percentage of the 2018 cohort still enrolled as students in the fall of the 2018–19 school year. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2018–19 school year

number of students in the 2018 cohort*

- (4) *Dropped Out*: The percentage of the 2018 cohort who dropped out and did not return by the fall of the 2018–19 school year. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who dropped out before fall of the 2018–19 school year

number of students in the 2018 cohort*

- (5) *Graduates & TxCHSE*: The percentage of graduates and TxCHSE recipients in the 2018 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the 2018 cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2018 plus number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2018

number of students in the 2018 cohort*

- (6) *Graduates, TxCHSE & Continuers*: The percentage of graduates, TxCHSE recipients, and continuers in the 2018 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2018 plus number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2018 plus number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2018–19 school year

number of students in the 2018 cohort*

5-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate

- (1) *Graduated*: The percentage who received their high school diploma by August 31, 2018, for the 2017 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2018

number of students in the 2017 cohort*

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- (2) *Received TxCHSE*: For the 2017 cohort, the percentage who received a TxCHSE certificate by August 31, 2018. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2018}}{\text{number of students in the 2017 cohort*}}$$

- (3) *Continued High School*: The percentage of the 2017 cohort still enrolled as students in the fall of the 2018–19 school year. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2018–19 school year}}{\text{number of students in the 2017 cohort*}}$$

- (4) *Dropped Out*: The percentage of the 2017 cohort who dropped out and did not return by the fall of the 2018–19 school year. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who dropped out before fall of the 2018–19 school year}}{\text{number of students in the 2017 cohort*}}$$

- (5) *Graduates & TxCHSE*: The percentage of graduates and TxCHSE recipients in the 2017 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\begin{aligned} &\text{number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2018} \\ &\text{plus} \\ &\text{number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2018} \end{aligned}}{\text{number of students in the 2017 cohort*}}$$

- (6) *Graduates, TxCHSE & Continuers*: The percentage of graduates, TxCHSE recipients, and continuers in the 2017 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\begin{aligned} &\text{number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2018} \\ &\text{plus} \\ &\text{number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2018} \\ &\text{plus} \\ &\text{number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2018–19 school year} \end{aligned}}{\text{number of students in the 2017 cohort*}}$$

6-year Extended Longitudinal Rate

- (1) *Graduated*: The percentage who received their high school diploma by August 31, 2018, for the 2016 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

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number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2018

number of students in the 2016 cohort*

- (2) *Received TxCHSE*: For the 2016 cohort, the percentage who received a TxCHSE certificate by August 31, 2018. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2018

number of students in the 2016 cohort*

- (3) *Continued High School*: The percentage of the 2016 cohort still enrolled as students in the fall of the 2018–19 school year. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2018–19 school year

number of students in the 2016 cohort*

- (4) *Dropped Out*: The percentage of the 2016 cohort who dropped out and did not return by the fall of the 2018–19 school year. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who dropped out before fall of the 2018–19 school year

number of students in the 2016 cohort*

- (5) *Graduates & TxCHSE*. The percentage of graduates and TxCHSE recipients in the 2016 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

**number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2018
plus
number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2018**

number of students in the 2016 cohort*

- (6) *Graduates, TxCHSE & Continuers*. The percentage of graduates, TxCHSE recipients, and continuers in the 2016 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

**number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2018
plus
number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2018
plus
number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2018–19 school year**

number of students in the 2016 cohort*

- * The cohort in the denominator of the formulas shown above includes those students who graduated, continued in school, received a TxCHSE, or dropped out. It does not include data

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errors or leavers with the leaver reason codes 03, 16, 24, 60, 66, 78, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89 or 90. See *Annual Dropout Rate* for a list of all the exclusions mandated by state statute for districts and campuses.

The graduation, continuation, TxCHSE recipient, and dropout rates sum to 100% (some totals may not equal exactly 100% due to rounding). Students served through special education who graduate with an individualized education program (IEP) are included as graduates.

Additional Information about Federal Graduation Rates

In addition to the detailed breakdown of the four-, five- and six-year longitudinal rates, the district and campus TAPRs show federal graduation rates for the following:

- (1) *4-Year Federal Graduation Rate*. Cohort of students who first attended ninth grade in 2014–15. They are followed through their expected graduation with the Class of 2018. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2018

number of students in the 2018 cohort **

- (2) *5-Year Extended Federal Graduation Rate*. Cohort of students who first attended ninth grade in 2013–14. They are followed for five years to see if they graduated within a year after their expected graduation with the Class of 2017. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2018

number of students in the 2017 cohort**

- (3) *6-Year Extended Federal Graduation Rate*. Cohort of students who first attended ninth grade in 2012–13. They are followed for six years to see if they graduated within two years after their expected graduation with the Class of 2016. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2018

number of students in the 2016 cohort**

** The cohort in the denominator above includes those students who graduated, continued in school, received a TxCHSE, or dropped out. It does not include data errors or leavers with leaver reason codes 03, 16, 24, 60, 66, 78, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 87, or 90. Students with leaver codes 88 and 89 are included in the federal rates.

A student in a Texas Juvenile Justice Department facility or residential treatment facility served by a Texas public school district is excluded from district and campus graduation rates calculated for federal accountability purposes. Students served by special education who graduate with an individualized education program (IEP) are included as graduates.

For further information on these rates, see the report [Secondary School Completion and Dropouts in Texas Public Schools, 2017–18](#). (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40203 and Texas Certificate of High School Equivalency Information File)

Graduation Program: The percentage of students who graduated under one of the following programs:

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RHSP/DAP Graduates (Longitudinal Rate) (Class of 2018) The percentage of graduates who, after four years, satisfied the course requirements for the Recommended High School Program or Distinguished Achievement Program.

number of graduates in the Class of 2018 who complete a 4-year RHSP or DAP

**number of graduates in the Class of 2018 with reported graduation plans
(excludes graduates with FHSP degree plans)**

FHSP-E Graduates (Longitudinal Rate) (Class of 2018) The percentage of graduates who, after four years, satisfied the course requirements for the Foundation High School Program with an endorsement.

number of graduates in the Class of 2018 who complete a 4-year FHSP-E
number of graduates in the Class of 2018 with reported FHSP graduation plans

FHSP-DLA Graduates (Longitudinal Rate) (Class of 2018) The percentage of graduates who, after four years, satisfied the course requirements for the Foundation High School Program at the distinguished level of achievement.

number of graduates in the Class of 2018 who complete a 4-year FHSP-DLA
number of graduates in the Class of 2018 with reported FHSP graduation plans

RHSP/DAP/FHSP-E/FHSP-DLA Graduates (Longitudinal Rate) (Class of 2018) The percentage of graduates who, after four years, satisfied the course requirements for the Recommended High School Program, Distinguished Achievement Program, or the Foundation High School Program with an endorsement or at the distinguished level of achievement.

**number of graduates from the Class of 2018 who complete a 4-year RHSP or
DAP or FHSP-E or FHSP-DLA**
number of graduates in the Class of 2018 with reported graduation plans

RHSP/DAP Graduates (Annual Rate) (2017–18) The percentage of graduates in 2018 who satisfied the course requirements for the Recommended High School Program or Distinguished Achievement Program.

number of graduates in SY 2017–18 reported with graduation codes for RHSP or DAP
**number of graduates in SY 2017–18 with reported graduation plans (excludes
graduates with FHSP degree plans)**

FHSP-E Graduates (Annual Rate) (2017–18) The percentage of graduates in 2018 who satisfied the course requirements for the Foundation High School Program with an endorsement.

number of graduates in SY 2017–18 who earn an FHSP-E

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number of graduates in SY 2017–18 with reported FHSP graduation plans

FHSP-DLA Graduates (Annual Rate) (2017–18) The percentage of graduates in 2018 who satisfied the course requirements for the Foundation High School Program at the distinguished level of achievement.

number of graduates in SY 2017–18 who earn an FHSP-DLA

number of graduates in school year (SY) 2017–18 with reported FHSP graduation plans

RHSP/DAP/FHSP-E/FHSP-DLA Graduates (Annual Rate) (2017–18) The percentage of graduates in 2018 who satisfied the course requirements for the Recommended High School Program, Distinguished Achievement Program, or at the Foundation High School Program with an endorsement or the distinguished level of achievement.

number of graduates in SY 2017–18 reported with graduation codes for RHSP or DAP or FHSP-E or FHSP-DLA

number of graduates in SY 2017–18 with reported graduation plans

RHSP graduates have graduation type codes of 19, 22, 25, 28, or 31; DAP graduates have graduation type codes of 20, 23, 26, 29, or 32; FHSP graduates are students with graduation type codes of 34, 54, 55, 56, or 57. FHSP graduates with code type 35 are ineligible for endorsements and are excluded. See the [Texas Education Data Standards](#) for more information. Results are shown for the Class of 2017 and the Class of 2018. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40203)*

For additional information about graduation programs please see https://tea.texas.gov/Academics/Graduation_Information/State_Graduation_Requirements.

Graduation Profile

Annual Graduates: The count and percentage of students who graduate at some time during the school year. It includes summer graduates and is reported by districts in the fall of the following school year. It includes all students in grade 12 who graduated, as well as graduates from other grades. Students served by special education who graduate are included in the totals. Counts of students graduating under the following graduation types in 2017–18 are also shown:

- Minimum High School Program (MHSP)
- Recommended High School Program (RHSP)
- Distinguished Achievement Program (DAP)
- Foundation High School Program (FHSP)

(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40203)

Special Education: The population of students served by special education programs. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 41163)*

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Economically Disadvantaged: The count and percentage of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or eligible for other public assistance. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40100 and STAAR)*

number of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or other public assistance

total number of students

Limited English Proficient (LEP): The count and percentage of students whose primary language is other than English and who are in the process of acquiring English. The terms “English learner” and “Limited English Proficient” (LEP) are used interchangeably. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40110)*

At-Risk: The count and percentage of students identified as being at risk of dropping out of school as defined by [TEC §29.081\(d\) and \(d-1\)](#). *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40100)*

number of students in the 2017–18 school year considered as at risk

total number of students

Postsecondary Readiness

College, Career, or Military Readiness (CCMR)

Annual graduates demonstrate college, career, or military readiness in any one of the following ways:

College Readiness

- 1) **Texas Success Initiative (TSI) Criteria:** A graduate meeting the TSI college readiness standards in both ELA/reading and mathematics; specifically, meeting the college-ready criteria on the TSI assessment, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014, in both ELA and mathematics. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 43415, THECB, College Board, and ACT, Inc.)*
- 2) **Earn Dual Course Credits:** A graduate completing nine or more hours of postsecondary credit in any subject or three or more hours of ELA or math. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 43415)*
- 3) **Meet Criteria on Advanced Placement (AP)/International Baccalaureate (IB) Examination:** A graduate meeting the criterion score on an AP or IB examination in any subject area. Criterion score is 3 or more for AP and 4 or more for IB. *(Data source: College Board or IB)*
- 4) **Earn an Associate’s Degree:** A graduate earning an associate’s degree while in high school. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40100/49010)*
- 5) **OnRamps Course Credits:** A graduate completing an OnRamps course and receiving at least three hours of university or college credit in any subject area. *(Data source: OnRamps program)*

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Career/Military Readiness

- 6) **Earn an Industry-Based Certification:** A graduate earning an industry-based certification under 19 TAC §74.1003. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 48011)*
- 7) **Graduate with Completed IEP and Workforce Readiness:** A graduate receiving a graduation type code of 04, 05, 54, or 55 which indicates the student has completed his/her IEP and has either demonstrated self-employment with self-help skills to maintain employment or has demonstrated mastery of specific employability and self-help skills that do not require public school services. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40203)*
- 8) **CTE Coherent Sequence Coursework Aligned with Industry-Based Certifications:** A CTE coherent sequence graduate who has completed and received credit for at least one CTE course aligned with an industry-based certification. This indicator awards one-half point only for graduates who have met no other CCMR indicator. These graduates receive one-half point credit for coursework completed toward an industry-based certification. The list of CTE courses aligned with industry-based certifications is provided in Chapter 2 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#). *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 43415 and 40110 [summer])*
- 9) **Enlist in the Armed Forces:** A graduate enlisting in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Coast Guard, or Marines. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40203)*
- 10) **Current Special Education Students with Advanced Degree Plans:** A graduate who graduates under an advanced degree plan and is identified as a current special education student *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40203 and 40110)*
- 11) **Graduate with Level I or Level II Certificate:** A graduate earning a Level I or Level II certificate in any workforce education area. *(Data source: THECB)*

College, Career, or Military Ready Graduates

College, Career, or Military Ready (Student Achievement): The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated college, career, or military readiness by meeting at least one of the eleven criteria described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*.

Only College Ready: The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated only college readiness by meeting college ready criteria 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 but did not meet any of the career and military ready criteria 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or 11 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*.

Only Career/Military Ready: The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated only career or military readiness by meeting career or military ready criteria 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or 11 but did not meet any of the college ready criteria 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*.

College Ready and Career/Military Ready: The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated college and career/military readiness by meeting college ready criteria 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 and career or military ready criteria 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or 11 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*.

College Ready Graduates

College Ready: The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated college readiness by meeting criteria 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*. This percentage includes graduates who may have met career or military ready criteria 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or 11. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 43415, THECB, College Board, ACT, IB, and TSDS PEIMS 49010)*

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TSI Criteria Graduates: The percentage of annual graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the Texas Success Initiative Assessment (TSIA), the SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014, in both ELA and mathematics. The criteria for each are as follows:

TSI Criteria						
<u>TSIA</u>		<u>SAT*</u>		<u>ACT</u>		<u>College Prep Course</u>
>= 351 on Reading	or	>=480 on the Evidence-Based Reading and Writing (EBRW)	or	>=19 on English and >= 23 Composite	or	Complete and earn credit for ELA college prep course
>= 350 on Mathematics	or	>=530 on Mathematics	or	>=19 on Mathematics and >=23 Composite	or	Complete and earn credit for mathematics college prep course

* For the small percentage of students who took the SAT examination prior to March 2016, their scores were converted to corresponding scores on the redesigned SAT using College Board’s concordance tables.

The percentages are calculated as follows:

English Language Arts.

number of graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the TSIA, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course in ELA in 2017–18

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

Mathematics.

number of graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the TSIA, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course in mathematics in 2017–18

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

Both Subjects.

number of graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the TSIA, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course in both ELA and mathematics in 2017–18

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

Either Subject.

number of graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the TSIA, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course in ELA or mathematics in 2017–18

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

Dual Course Credits: The percentage of annual graduates who completed and earned credit for nine or more hours of dual credit in any subject or three or more hours in ELA or mathematics (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 43415)

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number of 2017–18 annual graduates who completed and earned credit for nine or more hours of dual credit in any subject or three or more hours in ELA or mathematics

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

AP/IB Criteria Met in Any Subject: The percentage of annual graduates who earned a 3 or more on an AP examination or a 4 or more on an IB examination. *(Data source: College Board and IB)*

number of 2017–18 annual graduates who earned a 3 or more on an AP examination or a 4 or more on an IB examination

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

Associate’s Degree: The percentage of annual graduates who earned an associate’s degree before graduation. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40100)*

number of 2017–18 annual graduates who earned an associate’s degree before graduation

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

Associate’s Degree but not Career/Military Ready: The percentage of annual graduates who met associate’s degree criteria 4, but did not meet career or military ready criteria 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or 11 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*.

Associate’s Degree and Career/Military Ready: The percentage of annual graduates who met associate’s degree criteria 4 and career or military ready criteria 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or 11 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*.

OnRamps Course Credits: The percentage of annual graduates who completed an OnRamps course and qualified for three hours of university or college credit *(Data source: OnRamps program)*

number of 2017–18 annual graduates who completed an OnRamps course and qualified for three hours of college credit before graduation

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

Career/Military Ready Graduates

Career or Military Ready Graduates: The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated career or military readiness by meeting criteria 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or 11 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*. This percentage includes graduates who may have met college ready criteria 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.

Approved Industry-Based Certification: The percentage of annual graduates who earned an approved industry-based certification. For additional information, see Chapter 2 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#). *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 48011)*

number of 2017–18 annual graduates who earned an approved industry-based certification

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

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Graduate with Completed IEP and Workforce Readiness: The percentage of annual graduates who received a graduation type code of 04, 05, 54, or 55. For additional information, see Chapter 2 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#). (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40203)

$$\frac{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates who received a graduation type code of 04, 05, 54, or 55}}{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates}}$$

CTE Coherent Sequence Coursework Aligned with Industry-Based Certifications: The percentage of annual graduates who were enrolled in a coherent sequence of CTE courses and completed and earned credit for coursework aligned with approved industry-based certifications. This indicator is different from the accountability College, Career, or Military Readiness (CCMR) indicator; all graduates are included regardless of whether they met other CCMR indicators. (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 43415 and 40110)

$$\frac{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates who were enrolled in a coherent sequence of CTE courses and completed and earned credit for coursework aligned with approved industry-based certifications}}{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates}}$$

U.S. Armed Forces Enlistment: The percentage of annual graduates who were reported as intending to enlist in or enlisting in the U.S. Armed Forces. (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40203)

$$\frac{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates who were reported as intending to enlist in or enlisting in the U.S. Armed Forces}}{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates}}$$

Current Special Education Students with Advanced Degree Plans: The percentage of annual graduates under an advanced degree plan and identified as a current special education student (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40203 and 40110)

$$\frac{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates who graduated under an advanced degree plan and were identified as a current special education student}}{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates}}$$

Graduate with Level I or Level II Certificate: The percentage of annual graduates who earned a Level I or Level II certificate (Data source: THECB)

$$\frac{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates who earned a Level I or Level II certificate}}{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates}}$$

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CCMR-related Indicators

Texas Success Initiative Assessment (TSIA): Participation (Annual Graduates): The percentage of annual graduates who took the College Board’s TSIA at any point since June 2011. (Data source: THECB)

$$\frac{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates who took the TSIA}}{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates}}$$

TSIA Average Score (Annual Graduates): The average score of annual graduates on the TSIA. The maximum score for reading is 390, and the maximum score for mathematics is 390.

Reading

$$\frac{\text{sum of total reading scores of all annual graduates who took the TSIA}}{\text{number of annual graduates who took the reading portion of the TSIA}}$$

Mathematics

$$\frac{\text{sum of total mathematics scores of all annual graduates who took the TSIA}}{\text{number of annual graduates who took the mathematics portion of the TSIA}}$$

TSIA Results (Graduates >= Criterion) (Annual Graduates): The percentage of annual graduates who met the TSI criteria on the TSIA (Data source: THECB and TSDS PEIMS 40203)

Percentages are calculated and shown for reading and mathematics together and separately.

$$\frac{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates who met the TSI criteria on the TSIA}}{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates}}$$

CTE Coherent Sequence (Annual Graduates): The percentage of annual graduates enrolled in a coherent sequence of career and technical education (CTE) courses as part of a four-year plan of study. (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40100, 40203, and 42400)

$$\frac{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates who were enrolled in a CTE-coherent sequence of courses as part of a four-year plan of study to take two or more CTE courses for three or more credits}}{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates}}$$

Completed and Received Credit for College Prep Courses (Annual Graduates): The percentage of annual graduates who completed and earned credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014 in either ELA or mathematics or both. (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 43415)

English Language Arts.

$$\frac{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates who completed and earned credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014 in ELA}}{\text{number of 2017–18 annual graduates}}$$

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Mathematics.

number of 2017–18 annual graduates who completed and earned credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014 in mathematics

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

Both Subjects.

number of 2017–18 annual graduates who completed and earned credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014 in ELA and mathematics

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

AP/IB Course Completion (Annual Graduates): The percentage of annual graduates who completed and earned credit for at least one Advanced Placement (AP) course or International Baccalaureate (IB) course in the 2014–15 to 2017–18 school years. (*Data source: TSDS PIEMS 43415*)

number of 2017–18 annual graduates who completed and earned credit for at least one AP or IB course in the 2014–15 to 2017–18 school years

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

AP/IB Results (Participation) (Grades 11–12): The percentage of students in grades 11 and 12 who took the College Board’s Advanced Placement (AP) examinations or the International Baccalaureate’s (IB) Diploma Program examinations. (*Data source: College Board and IB*)

All Subjects

Number of students in grades 11 & 12 in the 2017–18 school year who took at least one AP or IB examination

total students enrolled in grades 11 & 12

English Language Arts

number of students in grades 11 & 12 in the 2017–18 school year who took at least one AP or IB examination in ELA

total students enrolled in grades 11 & 12

Mathematics

number of students in grade 11 & 12 in the 2017–18 school year who took at least one AP or IB examination in mathematics

total students enrolled in grades 11 & 12

Science

number of students in grade 11 & 12 in the 2017–18 school year who took at least one AP or IB examination in science

total students enrolled in grades 11 & 12

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Social Studies

Number of students in grade 11 & 12 in the 2017–18 school year who took at least one AP or IB examination in social studies

total students enrolled in grades 11 & 12

These indicators were used in determining the 2019 distinction designations for campuses and districts. For a detailed explanation of distinction designations, see Chapter 6 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#). (Data source: College Board, IB, and TSDS PEIMS 40110)

AP/IB Results (Examinees \geq Criterion) (Grades 11–12): The percentage of students with at least one AP or IB examination in grades 11 and 12 at or above the criterion score. High school students may take one or more of these examinations, ideally upon completion of AP or IB courses, and may receive advanced placement or credit, or both, upon entering college. Generally, colleges will award credit or advanced placement for scores of 3, 4, or 5 on AP examinations and scores of 4, 5, 6, or 7 on IB examinations. Requirements vary by college and by subject tested. (Data source: College Board and IB)

All Subjects

number of 11th and 12th graders in 2017–18 with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion

number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB examination

English Language Arts

number of 11th and 12th graders in 2017–18 with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion in ELA

number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB examination in ELA

Mathematics

number of 11th and 12th graders in 2017–18 with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion in mathematics

number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB examination in mathematics

Science

number of 11th and 12th graders in 2017–18 with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion in science

number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB examination in science

Social Studies

number of 11th and 12th graders in 2017–18 with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion in social studies

number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB examination in social studies

These indicators were used in determining the 2019 distinction designations for campuses. For a detailed explanation of distinction designations, see Chapter 6 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#). (Data source: The College Board, The International Baccalaureate Organization, and TSDS PEIMS 40110)

AP/IB Results (11th & 12th Graders \geq Criterion): The percentage of students enrolled in grades 11 and 12 with at least one AP or IB score at or above the criterion score. This denominator includes students enrolled in grades 11 and 12 who did not take AP or IB examination. High school

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students may take one or more of these examinations, ideally upon completion of AP or IB courses, and may receive advanced placement or credit, or both, upon entering college. Generally, colleges will award credit or advanced placement for scores of 3, 4, or 5 on AP examinations and scores of 4, 5, 6, or 7 on IB examinations. Requirements vary by college and by subject tested. *(Data source: College Board and IB)*

All Subjects

number of 11th and 12th graders in 2017–18 with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion

total students enrolled in 11th and 12th grades

SAT/ACT Results (Annual Graduates): Participation and performance of annual graduates from all Texas public schools on the College Board’s SAT and ACT, Inc.’s ACT assessment. ACT and SAT scores are based on each student’s highest section scores across all exams taken, and the SAT total and ACT composite scores are calculated using the highest section scores. For the class of 2017 and previous years, the scores were based on each student’s most recent examination. Because of the change to using highest score, only the class of 2018 is shown.

(1) *Tested:* The percentage of graduates who took either college admissions assessment:

number of 2017–18 graduates who took either the SAT or the ACT

number of 2017–18 graduates reported

(2) *At/Above Criterion:* The percentage of examinees who scored at or above the criterion score of 480 on the SAT evidence-based reading and writing *or* 19 on ACT English section and 23 composite *and* 530 on SAT mathematics *or* 19 on ACT Mathematics section and 23 on the ACT composite:

number of 2017–18 graduating examinees who scored at or above the criterion score on either the SAT or the ACT

number of 2017–18 graduating examinees taking either the SAT or the ACT

(3) *At/Above Criterion for All Graduates:* The percentage of graduates who scored at or above the criterion score of 480 on the SAT evidence-based reading and writing *or* 19 on ACT English section and 23 composite *and* 530 on SAT mathematics *or* 19 on ACT Mathematics section and 23 on the ACT composite:

number of 2017–18 graduating examinees who scored at or above the criterion score on either the SAT or the ACT

number of 2017–18 graduates reported

Note: For the small percentage of students who took the SAT examination prior to March 2016, their scores were converted to corresponding scores on the redesigned SAT using College Board’s concordance tables. *(Data source: College Board and TSDS PEIMS 40203)*

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Average SAT Score (Annual Graduates): Performance of annual graduates from all Texas public schools on the College Board’s SAT assessment. If a student takes the SAT more than once, the best result by subject area is selected, and the SAT total is calculated as the sum of the highest section scores.

- (1) *Average SAT Score (All Subjects):* The average score for the SAT evidence-based reading and writing and mathematics combined. The maximum score is 1600.

sum of SAT total scores (evidence-based reading and writing + mathematics) of all 2017–18 graduates who took the SAT

number of 2017–18 graduates who took the SAT

- (2) *Average SAT Score (English Language Arts and Writing):* The average score for the SAT evidence-based reading and writing. The maximum score is 800.

sum of SAT evidence-based reading and writing scores of all 2017–18 graduates who took the SAT

number of 2017–18 graduates who took the SAT

- (3) *Average SAT Score (Mathematics):* The average score for the SAT mathematics. The maximum score is 800.

sum of SAT mathematics scores of all 2017–18 graduates who took the SAT

number of 2017–18 graduates who took the SAT

Note: For the small percentage of students who took the SAT examination prior to March 2016, their scores were converted to corresponding scores on the redesigned SAT using College Board’s concordance tables. (*Data source: College Board and TSDS PEIMS 40203*)

Average ACT Score (Annual Graduates): Performance of annual graduates from all Texas public schools on the ACT Inc.’s ACT assessment. If a student takes the ACT more than once, the best result by subject area is selected, and the ACT composite scores is calculated as the average of the highest section scores.

- (1) *Average ACT Score (All Subjects):* The average score for the ACT composite. The maximum score is 36.

sum of ACT composite scores of all 2017–18 graduates who took the ACT

number of 2017–18 graduates who took the ACT

- (2) *Average ACT Score (English Language Arts):* The average score for the ACT English and Reading combined. The maximum score is 36.

sum of ACT English and Reading combined scores of all 2017–18 graduates who took the ACT

number of 2017–18 graduates who took the ACT

- (3) *Average ACT Score (Mathematics):* The average score for the mathematics ACT. The maximum score is 36.

sum of ACT mathematics scores of all 2017–18 graduates who took the ACT

number of 2017–18 graduates who took the ACT

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(4) *Average ACT Score (Science)*: The average score for the science ACT. The maximum score is 36.

sum of ACT science scores of all 2017-18 graduates who took the ACT

number of 2017-18 graduates who took the ACT

OnRamps Course Credits: The percentage of annual graduates who completed an OnRamps course and earned three hours of college credit (*Data source: OnRamps program*)

number of 2017–18 annual graduates who completed an OnRamps course and earned three hours of college credit before graduation

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

Current Special Education Students with Advanced Degree Plans: The percentage of annual graduates who graduated under an advanced degree plan and were identified as a current special education student (*Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40203 and 40110*)

number of 2017–18 annual graduates who graduated under an advanced degree plan and were identified as a current special education student

number of 2017–18 annual graduates

Other Postsecondary Indicators

Advanced/Dual-Credit Course Completion (Grades 11–12): The percentage of students who completed and received credit for at least one advanced or dual-credit course. Decisions about awarding high school credit for college courses are described in [Texas Administrative Code §74.25](#).

Appendix B lists all courses identified as advanced courses. Courses for which a student can earn dual credit are not listed because they vary from campus to campus.

Course completion information is reported by districts through the Texas Student Data System/Public Education Information Management System (TSDS PEIMS) after the close of the school year. For example, the values, expressed as percentages for grades 11–12, are calculated as follows: (*Data source: TSDS PEIMS 43415*)

Any Subject

number of students in grades 11–12 in 2017–18 who received credit for at least one advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 11–12 who received credit for at least one course in 2017–18

English Language Arts

number of students in grades 11–12 in 2017–18 who received credit for at least one ELA advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 11–12 who received credit for at least one ELA course in 2017–18

Mathematics

number of students in grades 11–12 in 2017–18 who received credit for at least one mathematics advanced/dual-credit course

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number of students in grades 11–12 who received credit for at least one mathematics course in 2017–18

Science

number of students in grades 11–12 in 2017–18 who received credit for at least one science advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 11–12 who received credit for at least one science course in 2017–18

Social Studies

number of students in grades 11–12 in 2017–18 who received credit for at least one social studies advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 11–12 who received credit for at least one social studies course in 2017–18

This indicator was used in awarding distinction designations to high schools in 2019. For a detailed explanation of distinction designations, see Chapter 6 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#). (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 43415)

Advanced/Dual-Credit Course Completion (Grades 9–12): The percentage of students who completed and received credit for at least one advanced or dual-credit course. Decisions about awarding high school credit for college courses are described in [Texas Administrative Code §74.25](#).

Appendix B lists all courses identified as advanced courses. Courses for which a student can earn dual credit are not listed because they vary from campus to campus.

Course completion information is reported by districts through the Texas Student Data System/Public Education Information Management System (TSDS PEIMS) after the close of the school year. For example, the values, expressed as percentages for grades 9–12, are calculated as follows: (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 43415)

Any Subject

number of students in grades 9–12 in 2017–18 who received credit for at least one advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 9–12 who received credit for at least one course in 2017–18

English Language Arts

number of students in grades 9–12 in 2017–18 who received credit for at least one ELA advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 9–12 who received credit for at least one ELA course in 2017–18

Mathematics

number of students in grades 9–12 in 2017–18 who received credit for at least one mathematics advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 9–12 who received credit for at least one mathematics course in 2017–18

Science

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number of students in grades 9–12 in 2017–18 who received credit for at least one science advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 9–12 who received credit for at least one science course in 2017–18

Social Studies

number of students in grades 9–12 in 2017–18 who received credit for at least one social studies advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 9–12 who received credit for at least one social studies course in 2017–18

This indicator was used in awarding distinction designations to high schools in 2019. For a detailed explanation of distinction designations, see Chapter 6 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#).
(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 43415)

Graduates Enrolled in Texas Institution of Higher Education (TX IHE): The percentage of students who enrolled and began instruction at an institution of higher education in Texas for the school year following high school graduation.

number of graduates during the 2016–17 school year who attended a public or independent college or university in Texas in the 2017–18 academic year

number of graduates during the 2016–17 school year

Students who enrolled in out-of-state colleges or universities or any non-public career school are not included. Students who attend public community colleges in Texas are included.
(Data source: THECB)

Graduates in TX IHE Completing One Year Without Enrollment in a Developmental Education Course: The percentage of students who enrolled and began instruction at an institution of higher education in Texas for the school year following high school graduation and did not require a developmental education course.

number of graduates during the 2016–17 school year who enrolled in a public college or university in Texas for the school year following the year they graduated
and
met the Texas Success Initiative requirement in all subject areas (reading, writing, and mathematics)

number of graduates during the 2016–17 school year who enrolled in a public college or university in Texas for the school year following the year they graduated

Students who attended Texas public two- or four-year institutions of higher education are included. Students who enrolled in independent colleges or universities in Texas, out-of-state colleges or universities, or any non-public career school are not included.

Additional reports showing students enrolled in Texas public colleges and universities are available on the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB) site at <http://www.txhighereddata.org/generatelinks.cfm?Section=HS2Col>.

For more information on the data used in this indicator, contact the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board at (512) 427-6153. (Data source: THECB)

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Profile

Student Information

Total Students: The total number of public school students who were reported in membership on October 26, 2018, at any grade from early childhood education through grade 12. Membership differs from enrollment as it does not include those students who are served in the district for less than two hours per day. For example, the count of *Total Students* excludes students who attend a non-public school but receive some services, such as speech therapy—for less than two hours per day—from their local school district. (*Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40110*)

Students by Grade: The count of students in each grade divided by the total number of students. (*Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40110*)

Ethnic Distribution: The number and percentage of students and staff who are identified as belonging to one of the following groups: African American, Hispanic, white, American Indian, Asian, Pacific Islander, and two or more races. (*Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40100, 30040, 30050, 30090*)

Economically Disadvantaged: The count and percentage of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or eligible for other public assistance.

$$\frac{\text{number of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or other public assistance}}{\text{total number of students}}$$

(*Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40100 and TEA Student Assessment Division*)

Non-Educationally Disadvantaged: Those students not eligible to participate in free or reduced-price lunch or to receive any other public assistance. This is the complementary count and percentage to Economically Disadvantaged.

Section 504 Students: The count and percentage of students identified as receiving section 504 services.

English Learners (ELs): The count and percentage of students whose primary language is other than English and who are in the process of acquiring English. The terms “English Learner” and “Limited English Proficient” (LEP) are used interchangeably.

Inclusion and exclusion of EL performance varies by indicator:

- EL performance of students who are in year one in U.S. schools is excluded from all STAAR indicators. Exclusion of other EL performance varies, depending on the indicator. For detailed information on the inclusion and exclusion of EL performance, see the [2019 Accountability Manual](#).
- EL performance is included in all other non-STAAR indicators, regardless of years in U.S. schools.

In the *Profile* section of the reports, the percentage of ELs is calculated by dividing the number of ELs by the total number of students in the district or campus. Not all students identified as ELs receive bilingual or English as a second language instruction. (*Data source: TELPAS file*)

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Students with Disciplinary Placements: The count and percentage of students placed in alternative education programs under [Chapter 37 of the Texas Education Code](#) (Discipline; Law and Order). Districts report the disciplinary actions taken toward students who are removed from the classroom for at least one day. Although students can have multiple removals throughout the year, this measure counts students only once and includes only those whose removal results in a placement in a disciplinary alternative education program or juvenile justice alternative education program. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students with one or more disciplinary placements}}{\text{number of students who were in attendance at any time during the school year}}$$

For 2018–19, the following 19 disciplinary action codes are included as disciplinary placements: 02, 03, 04, 07, 08, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 59, 60, and 61. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 44425)*

Students with Dyslexia: The count and percentage of students identified with Dyslexia.

At-Risk: The count and percentage of students identified as being at risk of dropping out of school as defined by [TEC §29.081\(d\) and \(d-1\)](#).

$$\frac{\text{number of students in the 2018–19 school year considered as at risk}}{\text{total number of students}}$$

(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40110)

Students with Disabilities by Type of Primary Disability: The count of students disaggregated by primary disability. The TAPR uses five categories of primary disability: Students with Intellectual Disabilities, Students with Physical Disabilities, Students with Autism, Students with Behavioral Disabilities, and Students with Non-Categorical Early Childhood. Additional information is provided below.

Students with Intellectual Disabilities (TSDS PEIMS disability codes 06, 08, 12, 13)

- 06—Intellectual Disability (ID)
- 08—Learning Disability (LD)
- 12—Developmental Delay (DD)
- 13—Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)

Students with Physical Disabilities (TSDS PEIMS disability codes 01, 03, 04, 05, 09)

- 01—Orthopedic Impairment (OI)
- 03—Auditory Impairment (AI)
- 04—Visual Impairment (VI)
- 05—Deaf-Blind (DB)
- 09—Speech Impairment

Students with Autism (TSDS PEIMS disability code 10)

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- 10—Autism (AU)

Students with Behavioral Disabilities (TSDS PEIMS disability codes 02 and 07)

- 02—Other Health Impairment (OHI)
- 07—Emotional Disturbance (ED)

Students with Non-Categorical Early Childhood (TSDS PEIMS disability code 14)

- 14—Noncategorical Early Childhood (NCES)

(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 41163)

Mobility (*campus profile only*): The count and percentage of students who have been in membership at a campus for less than 83 percent of the school year (i.e., missed six or more weeks).

number of mobile students in 2017–18

**number of students who were in membership at any time during the
2017–18 school year**

This rate is calculated at the campus level and disaggregated by race/ethnicity. The mobility rate shown in the “district” column is based on the count of mobile students identified at the campus level. The district mobility rate reflects school-to-school mobility within the same district or from outside the district. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 42400)*

Retention Rates by Grade (*not on campus profile*): The percentage of students in Texas public schools who enrolled in fall 2018 in the same grade in which they were reported for the last six-week period of the prior school year (2017–18).

the number of students enrolled in the same grade from one school year to the next

the number of students enrolled from one school year who return the next year or who graduate

Special education retention rates are calculated and reported separately because local retention practices differ for students served by special education.

The TAPR shows retention rates only for grades K–9. Retention rates for all grades can be found in *Grade-Level Retention in Texas Public Schools, 2017–18*, available from TEA. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40110)*

Data Quality (*not on campus profile*): The percentage of errors made by district in the TSDS PEIMS Student Leaver Data.

Percent of Underreported Students. Underreported students are 7th–12th graders who were enrolled at any time during the prior year, who are not accounted for through district records or TEA processing in the current year, and for whom the district did not submit a leaver record. A district is required to submit a leaver record for any student served in grades 7–12 the previous year unless the student received a Texas high school equivalency certificate (TxCHSE) certificate by August 31, is a previous Texas public school graduate, moved to and enrolled in another Texas public school district, or returned to the district by

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the end of the school start window. (For 2017–18 the end of the school-start window was September 28, 2018.)

number of underreported students

number of students in grades 7–12 who were served in the district in the 2017–18 school year

(Data source: Texas High School Equivalency Certificate Information File; TSDS PEIMS 40100, 40110, 42400, and 42500)

Class Size Averages by Grade and Subject: The average class size by grade (elementary) or selected subjects (secondary classes).

For secondary classes, averages are determined by totaling the number of students served (in a subject at the campus) and dividing that sum by the count of classes for that subject.

For elementary classes, how the average is determined depends on the instructional model. If an elementary teacher teaches all subjects to the same group of fourth graders all day, the class size average is simply the number of fourth grade students served by that teacher. If an elementary teacher teaches a single subject to five different sections of fourth graders each day, however, the average is calculated the same way as for secondary subjects. For example, one fourth grade science teacher teaches five science classes each day with 18, 20, 19, 21, and 22 students in each class. The total of 100 students divided by the five classes produces an average class size of 20 students for that teacher.

The following rules apply to the average class sizes:

- Classes identified as serving regular, compensatory/remedial, gifted and talented, career and technical, and honors students are included in the calculation.
- Subjects in the areas of English language arts (ELA), mathematics, science, social studies, languages other than English, computer science, and career and technical education are included in the calculation, as are self-contained classrooms.
- Classes where the number of students served is reported as zero are not included.
- Service codes with the “SR” prefix are not included.
- Teacher roles coded as “teacher” and/or “substitute teacher” are included.
- Only class settings coded as “regular class” are included.
- Missing partial FTE counts are not included.
- Elementary classes in which the number of students exceeds 100 are not included.
- Mixed grade-level class averages are not included.

(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30090)

Staff Information

Total Staff: The total count of staff which includes professional staff (teachers, professional support, administrators), educational aides, and (on the district profile) auxiliary staff. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

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Professional Staff: The full-time equivalent (FTE) count of teachers, professional support staff, campus administrators, and on the district profile, central office administrators. Staff are grouped according to roles as reported in TSDS PEIMS. Each type of professional staff is shown as a percentage of the total staff FTE. See Appendix A for all TSDS PEIMS Role IDs. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Educational Aides: The count and percentage of paraprofessional staff who are reported with a role of 033 (Educational Aide) or 036 (Certified Interpreter). The FTE counts of educational aides are expressed as a percentage of the total staff FTEs. See Appendix A for all TSDS PEIMS Role IDs. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30090)*

Auxiliary Staff (not on campus profile): The count of full-time equivalent (FTE) staff reported in TSDS PEIMS employment and payroll records who are not reported in the TSDS PEIMS 30090 Staff – Responsibilities record. The auxiliary staff (and educational aide who performs routine classroom tasks under the general supervision of a certified teacher or teaching team) are expressed as a percentage of total staff. For auxiliary staff, the FTE is the value of the percentage of day worked. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30060 and 30090)*

Librarians and Counselors (Headcount): The headcount of librarians and counselors is based on full-time equivalent (FTE) for full-time and part-time headcounts. Librarians and counselors are considered part-time when the FTE count is less than or equal to .85 (For example, FTE count less than or equal to .85, the part-time headcount is equal to 1).

Librarians and counselors are headcount not sums of FTEs. The district headcount is not a sum of the campus headcount. For example, a counselor spends 50 percent of their time at the elementary (0.50 FTE) and 50 percent of their time at the high school (0.50 FTE). On each of the campus reports, this counselor will be reflected as 1.0 Part-time Counselor. On the district report the counselor will be reflected as 1.0 full-time counselor since the FTE count is greater than .85 (0.50 FTE plus 0.50 FTE=1.0 FTE). See Appendix A for TSDS PEIMS Role IDs (Professional Support Staff). *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Total Minority Staff: The total count of minority staff is the sum of the FTE counts for all non-white staff groups (African American, Hispanic, American Indian, Asian, Pacific Islander, and Two or More Races). The minority staff FTE count is expressed as a percentage of the total staff FTE. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Teachers by Ethnicity and Sex: The counts of teacher FTEs by ethnic group and by sex. Counts are also expressed as a percentage of the total teacher FTEs. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Teachers by Highest Degree Held: The distribution of degrees held by teachers. The FTE counts of teachers with no degree, a bachelor's degree, a master's degree, or a doctorate are expressed as a percentage of the total teacher FTEs. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Teachers by Years of Experience: The FTE count of teachers by total years of experience for the individual, not necessarily years of experience in the reporting district or campus. Teacher counts within each range of experience are expressed as a percentage of total teacher FTEs. Teachers are reported with zero years of experience (first year teacher), 1–5 years, 6–10 years, 11–20 years, and over 20 years. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

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Number of Students per Teacher: The total number of students divided by the total teacher FTE count. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Experience of Campus Leadership: The average years of experience for principals and assistant principals.

Average Years as Principal: The number of completed years of experience as a principal, regardless of district or interruption in service. These amounts are added together and divided by the number of all principals reported for the campus.

Average Years as Principal with District: The number of years a principal is employed in the district regardless of any interruption in service. The amounts are added together and divided by the number of principals reported for the district.

Average Years as Assistant Principal: The number of completed years of experience as assistant principal, regardless of district or interruption of service. The amounts are added together and divided by the number of assistant principals reported for the campus.

Average Years as Assistant Principal with District: The number of years employed as assistant principal in the district regardless of any interruption in service. These amounts are added together and divided by the number of assistant principals reported for the district.

(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30050)

Average Years Experience of Teachers: The average number of completed years of professional experience, regardless of district. Weighted averages are calculated by multiplying each teacher's FTE coefficient (1 for a full-time teacher, .75 for a three-quarter-time teacher, and .5 for a half-time teacher, for example) by his or her years of experience. These amounts are added together and divided by the sum of all teachers' FTE coefficients. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Average Years Experience of Teachers with District: The average number of years employed in the district regardless of any interruption in service. Weighted averages are calculated by multiplying each teacher's FTE coefficient by his or her years of experience in the district. These amounts are added together and divided by the sum of all teacher's coefficients. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30050)*

Average Teacher Salary by Years of Experience (regular duties only): Total pay for all teachers in each category divided by the total teacher FTE count in that category. For the purpose of this calculation, the total actual salary amount is pay for regular duties only and does not include supplemental pay. For teachers who also have non-teaching roles, only the portion of time and pay dedicated to classroom responsibilities is factored into the average teacher salary calculation. Teachers are reported with zero years of experience (first year teacher), 1–5 years, 6–10 years, 11–20 years, and over 20 years. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30060)*

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Average Actual Salaries (regular duties only): For each category, the total salary for that category divided by the total FTE count for that category. Only payment for regular duties is included in the total salary; supplemental payments for extra duties (e.g., coaching, band and orchestra assignments, club sponsorships) are not included. See Appendix A for lists of the TSDS PEIMS role IDs included in each category.

Teachers. Teachers, special duty teachers, and substitute teachers. Substitute teachers are either temporarily hired to replace a teacher or hired permanently on an as-needed basis. The District Teacher Salary Report and Graph also uses this definition in creating counts for various salary ranges.

Professional Support. Therapists, nurses, librarians, counselors, and other campus professional personnel.

Campus Administration (School Leadership). Principals, assistant principals, and other administrators reported with a specific school ID.

Central Administration. (not on campus profile) Superintendents, presidents, chief executive officers, chief administrative officers, business managers, athletic directors, and other administrators reported with a central office ID and not a specific school ID.

Instructional Staff Percent (district profile only): The percentage of the district's FTEs whose job function was to provide classroom instruction directly to students during the 2017–18 school year. The instructional staff percent is a district-level measure and is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{total number of hours for district staff who were reported under expenditure object codes 6112, 6119, and 6129, and function codes 11, 12, 13, and 31}}{\text{total number of hours worked by all district employees}}$$

Contact the Division of Financial Compliance at (512) 463-9095 for further details about this measure. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Turnover Rate for Teachers (not on campus profile): The percentage of teachers from the fall of 2017–18 who were not employed in the district in the fall of 2018–19. It is calculated as the total FTE count of teachers from the fall of 2017–18 who were not employed in the district in the fall of 2018–19, divided by the total teacher FTE count for the fall of 2017–18. Staff who remained employed in the district but not as teachers also count toward teacher turnover. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30050 and 30090)*

Staff Exclusions (not on campus profile): The counts of individuals who serve public school students but are not included in the FTE totals for any of the other employee statistics. There are two types of these entries: individuals participating in a shared services arrangement and individuals on contract with the district to provide instructional services. *Shared Services Arrangement (SSA) Staff* are staff who work in schools located in districts other than their employing district or whose assigned organization (in TSDS PEIMS) shows a code of 751, indicating that they are employed by the fiscal agent of an SSA. Only the portion of a person's total FTE amount associated with the school in another district (or with the 751 organization code) is counted as SSA. SSA staff are grouped into three categories: Professional Staff (which includes teachers, administrators, and professional support); Educational Aides; and Auxiliary Staff. Note

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that SSA Auxiliary Staff are identified by the type of fund from which they are paid. *Contracted Instructional Staff (District and Campus Profiles)* refers to counts of instructors for whom the district has entered into a contractual agreement with some outside organization. Through the contract, the outside organization has committed to supplying instructional staff for the district. They are never employees of the reporting school district. (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30055 and 30060)

Contracted Instructional Staff: The count of individuals who are not regular classroom teachers who have signed a contract with a district, nor are they shared services arrangement employees. Rather, these are instructors for whom the district has entered into a contractual agreement with an outside organization. Through the contract the outside organization has committed to supplying instructional staff for the district. They include, but are not limited to, speech therapists, occupational therapists, and any other professional contracted staff working in a classroom on a dedicated basis.

Student Enrollment by Program: The count and percentage of students served in programs and/or courses for special education, career and technical education, bilingual/ESL education, or gifted and talented education. The percentages do not total to 100 because students may participate in more than one of these programs. (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40110, 41163 and 41169)

Teachers by Program (population served): The FTE count of teachers categorized by the type of student populations served: regular, special, compensatory, career and technical, bilingual/ESL, gifted and talented education students, and other populations. Teacher FTE values are allocated across population types for teachers who serve multiple population types. Percentages are expressed as a percentage of total teacher FTEs. (Data source: TSDS PEIMS 30040, 30050 and 30090)

Kindergarten Readiness

Kindergarten (KG) Ready: Assessed kindergarten students who met or exceeded the cut-off score for a particular assessment on the [Commissioner's List of Reading Instruments](#). Kindergarten readiness for each assessment is assessed differently across multiple assessment domains with varying benchmarks/cut-off scores of readiness. A student must pass all required assessment domains to be considered kindergarten ready. For school years 2013–14 through 2018–19, readiness is based on the literacy assessment only and does not provide comprehensive information on student readiness across important developmental domains.

Assessed Students in KG: Kindergarten students enrolled in the Texas public school system as of the Fall Snapshot date (the last Friday in October of each year) who were administered, at the beginning of year (BOY) administration, an assessment on the [Commissioner's List of Reading Instruments](#). Students may take multiple assessments.

Eligible Students: Kindergarten students who met at least one of the public prekindergarten (PK) eligibility criteria during the kindergarten year—economically disadvantaged, English learner (EL), homeless, is or ever has been in foster care, is the child of an active duty member of the armed forces of the United States, or is the child of a member of the armed forces who was injured or killed while on active duty—not the actual eligibility as of the PK year. PK eligibility is based on a student's status as of his/her kindergarten year as there are no comprehensive data concerning PK eligibility for children who did not attend public PK.

Eligible Students Who Attended PK: Kindergarten students determined to be kindergarten ready based on assessment results, who were eligible to attend PK and did attend public PK the prior school year.

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Eligible Students Who Did Not Attend PK: Kindergarten students who were eligible to attend public PK but did not attend public PK the prior school year.

Students Who Were Not Eligible for PK: Kindergarten students who were assessed for kindergarten readiness and were not eligible for public PK.

Students Ready for KG: Count of all assessed kindergarten students who were determined to be kindergarten ready based on assessment results.

Student Assessed in KG: Count of all kindergarten students who were assessed for kindergarten readiness.

Percent Ready: Percentage of all assessed kindergarten students who were determined to be kindergarten ready based on assessment results.

number of kindergarten ready students

all kindergarten students who were assessed for kindergarten readiness

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Who to Call

Information about the calculation of all Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR) data elements is provided in this *Glossary*. If, after reading the *Glossary* you have questions about the calculation of TAPR indicators, contact **Performance Reporting at (512) 463-9704**.

Questions related to programs and policies for the following subjects should be directed to the contacts listed below.

Subject	Contact	Number
Accountability Ratings	Performance Reporting.....	(512) 463-9704
Advanced Courses	Curriculum	(512) 463-9581
Charter Schools	Charter Schools	(512) 463-9575
College Admissions Tests:		
SAT	College Board	(512) 721-1800
ACT	ACT	(319) 337-1270
Copies of TAPR reports	https://rptsvr1.tea.texas.gov/perfreport/tapr/index.html	
DAEP (Disciplinary Alternative Education Program)		
	Discipline, Law, and Order	(512) 463-9286
Distinguished Achievement Program	Curriculum	(512) 463-9581
Distinction Designations	Performance Reporting.....	(512) 463-9704
Dropouts	Accountability Research	(512) 475-3523
English Learners		
Testing Issues	Student Assessment	(512) 463-9536
Other Issues	Special Populations.....	(512) 463-9414
Financial Standard Reports	State Funding	(512) 463-9238
General Inquiry	General Inquiries	(512) 463-9290
Graduates	Accountability Research	(512) 475-3523
Graduates Enrolled in Texas IHE	Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board ...	(512) 427-6101
JJAEP (Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program)		
	Discipline, Law, and Order	(512) 463-9286
Federal Accountability	Federal and State Education Policy.....	(512) 463-9414
RDA Special Education Monitoring Results Status		
	Results Driven Accountability.....	(512) 463-9704
PEIMS (TSDS PEIMS)	PEIMS HelpLine.....	(512) 463-9229
Recommended High School Program	Curriculum	(512) 463-9581
Retention Policy	Curriculum	(512) 463-9581
School Finance	State Funding	(512) 463-9238
School Governance	School Governance.....	(512) 463-9623
School Report Card	Performance Reporting.....	(512) 463-9704
Special Education		
Testing Issues	Student Assessment	(512) 463-9536
Other Issues	Special Populations.....	(512) 463-9414
STAAR (all assessments)	Student Assessment	(512) 463-9536
STAAR Testing Contractor	ETS	(855) 333-7770
	Pearson	(800) 328-5999
	Austin Operational Center	(512) 989-5300
Statutory (Legal) Issues	Legal Services.....	(512) 463-9720
Effective Schools Framework	School Improvement.....	(512) 463-5226
TELPAS	Student Assessment	(512) 463-9536

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PEIMS Role Identifications

(In Alphabetical Order by Label)

CENTRAL ADMINISTRATORS

- 004Assistant/Associate/Deputy Superintendent
- 027Superintendent/CAO/CEO/President
- 061Asst/Assoc/Deputy Exec Director
- 062Component/Department Director
- 063Coordinator/Manager/Supervisor

CAMPUS ADMINISTRATORS

- 003Assistant Principal
- 020Principal

EITHER CENTRAL OR CAMPUS ADMINISTRATORS*

- 012Instructional Officer
- 028Teacher Supervisor
- 040Athletic Director
- 043Business Manager
- 044Tax Assessor and/or Collector
- 045Director - Personnel/Human Resources
- 055Registrar
- 060Executive Director

PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT STAFF

- 002Art Therapist
- 005Psychological Associate
- 006Audiologist
- 007Corrective Therapist
- 008Counselor
- 011Educational Diagnostician
- 013Librarian
- 015Music Therapist
- 016Occupational Therapist
- 017Certified Orientation & Mobility Specialist
- 018Physical Therapist
- 019Physician
- 021Recreational Therapist
- 022School Nurse
- 023LSSP/Psychologist
- 024Social Worker
- 026Speech Therapist/Speech-Lang Pathologist
- 030Visiting Teacher/Truant Officer
- 032Work-Based Learning Site Coordinator
- 041Teacher Facilitator
- 042Teacher Appraiser
- 054Department Head
- 056Athletic Trainer
- 058Other Campus Professional Personnel
- 064Specialist/Consultant
- 065Field Service Agent
- 079Other ESC Professional Personnel
- 080Other Non-Campus Professional Personnel
- 100Instructional Materials Coordinator
- 101Legal Services
- 102Communications Professional
- 103Research/Evaluation Professional
- 104Internal Auditor
- 105Security
- 106District/Campus Information Technology Professional

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107	Food Service Professional
108	Transportation
109	Athletics
110	Custodial
111	Maintenance
112	Business Services Professional
113	Other District Exempt Professional Auxiliary
114	Other Campus Exempt Professional Auxiliary

TEACHERS

087	Teacher
047	Substitute Teacher

EDUCATIONAL AIDES

033	Educational Aide
036	Certified Interpreter

AUXILIARY STAFF

Employment record, but no responsibility records.

* Administrators reported with these roles are categorized as central office or campus, depending on the organization ID reported for them.

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Advanced Academic Courses

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- All courses shown were for the 2018–19 school year.
- An “A” prefix indicates a College Board Advanced Placement course.
- An “I” prefix indicates an International Baccalaureate course.
- Dual-credit courses are not specifically shown on this list.

English Language Arts

03221100	Research/Technical Writing
03221200	Creative Writing
03221500	Literary Genres
03221600	Humanities (First Time Taken)
03221800	Independent Study In English (First Time Taken)
03231000	Independent Study In Journalism (First Time Taken)
03231902	Advanced Broadcast Journalism III
03240400	Oral Interpretation III
03240800	Debate III
03241100	Public Speaking III
03241200	Independent Study In Speech (First Time Taken)
A3220100	AP English Language and Composition
A3220200	AP English Literature and Composition
I3220300	IB English III
I3220400	IB English IV

Mathematics

03101100	Pre Calculus
03102500	Independent Study In Mathematics (First Time Taken)
03102501	Independent Study In Mathematics (Second Time Taken)
03580370	Discrete Math for Computer Science
03580395	Robotics Programming and Design
12701410	Applied Math for Tech Professionals
13001000	Math Appl in Ag/Food and Nat/Resources
13016700	Accounting II
13016900	Statistical and Business Decision Making
13018000	Financial Mathematics
13020970	Math for Medical Professionals
13032950	Manufacturing Engineering Technology II
13036700	Engineering Mathematics
13037050	Robotics II
13037600	Digital Electronics
A3100101	AP Calculus AB

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Mathematics (cont.)

A3100102	AP Calculus BC
A3100200	AP Statistics
A3580100	AP Computer Science A
I3100100	IB Mathematical Studies, Standard Level
I3100200	IB Mathematics, Standard Level
I3100300	IB Mathematics, Higher Level
I3100400	IB Further Mathematics, Standard Level

Technology Applications

03580200	Computer Science I
03580300	Computer Science II
A3580300	AP Computer Science Principles
N1100014	AP Research
N1130026	AP Seminar
I3580200	IB Computer Science I, Standard Level
I3580300	IB Computer Science II, Higher Level
I3580400	IB Information Technology In A Global Society, SL
I3580500	IB Information Technology In A Global Society

Fine Arts

03150400	Music IV Band
03150800	Music IV Orchestra
03151200	Music IV Choir
03151600	Music IV Jazz Ensemble
03152000	Music IV Instrumental Ensemble
03152400	Music IV Vocal Ensemble
03250400	Theatre Arts IV
03251000	Theatre Production IV
03251200	Technical Theatre IV
03502300	Art IV Drawing
03502400	Art IV Painting
03502500	Art IV Printmaking
03502600	Art IV Fibers
03502700	Art IV Ceramics
03502800	Art IV Sculpture
03502900	Art IV Jewelry
03503100	Art IV Photography
03830400	Dance IV
A3150200	AP Music Theory
A3500100	AP History Of Art
A3500300	AP Art/Drawing Portfolio
A3500400	AP Art/Two-Dimensional Design Portfolio
A3500500	AP Art/Three-Dimensional Design Portfolio

Comprehensive Glossary 2018–19 Texas Academic Performance Report Fine Arts (cont.)

I3250200	IB Music, Standard Level
I3250300	IB Music, Higher Level
I3600100	IB Visual Art/Design, Higher Level
I3600200	IB Visual Art/Design, Standard Level-A
I3750200	IB Theatre Arts, Standard Level
I3750300	IB Theatre Arts, Higher Level
I3830100	IB Dance, Standard Level
I3830200	IB Dance, Higher Level

Science

A3010200	AP Biology
A3020000	AP Environmental Science
A3040000	AP Chemistry
A3050003	AP Physics I: Algebra Based
A3050004	AP Physics II: Algebra Based
A3050005	AP Physics C: Electricity and Magnetism
A3050006	AP Physics C: Mechanics
I3010201	IB Biology, Standard Level
I3010202	IB Biology, Higher Level
I3020000	IB Environmental Systems and Societies
I3030001	IB Design Technology, Standard Level
I3030002	IB Design Technology, Higher Level
I3040002	IB Chemistry, Standard Level
I3040003	IB Chemistry, Higher Level
I3050002	IB Physics, Standard Level
I3050003	IB Physics, Higher Level
13000700	Advanced Animal Science
13002100	Advanced Plant and Soil Science
13020600	Anatomy and Physiology
13020700	Medical Microbiology
13020800	Pathophysiology
13023000	Food Science
13029500	Forensic Science
13036400	Biotechnology I
13036450	Biotechnology II
13037100	Principles of Technology
13037200	Scientific Research and Design
13037210	Scientific Research and Design II
13037220	Scientific Research and Design III
13037300	Engineering Design and Problem Solving
13037500	Engineering Science

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Social Studies/History

A3310100	AP Microeconomics
A3310200	AP Macroeconomics
A3330100	AP United States Government and Politics
A3330200	AP Comparative Government and Politics
A3340100	AP United States History
A3340200	AP European History
A3350100	AP Psychology
A3360100	AP Human Geography
A3360200	AP Human Geography (Elective)
A3370100	AP World History
I3301100	IB History, Standard Level
I3301200	IB History: Africa, Higher Level
I3301300	IB History: Americas, Higher Level
I3301400	IB History: East and Southeast Asia, Higher Level
I3301500	IB History: Europe, Higher Level
I3302100	IB Geography, Standard Level
I3302200	IB Geography, Higher Level
I3303100	IB Economics, Standard Level
I3303200	IB Economics, Higher Level
I3303300	IB Business and Management I
I3303400	IB Business and Management II
I3304100	IB Psychology, Standard Level
I3304200	IB Psychology, Higher Level
I3366010	IB Philosophy
03310301	Economics Advanced Studies (First Time Taken)
03380001	Social Studies Advanced Studies (First Time Taken)

Advanced Languages (Modern or Classical)

03110400	Arabic IV
03110500	Arabic V
03110600	Arabic VI
03110700	Arabic VII
03110910	Adv, 1st Time, Arabic
03110920	Adv, 2nd Time, Arabic
03110930	Adv, 3rd Time, Arabic
03120400	Japanese IV
03120500	Japanese V
03120600	Japanese VI
03120700	Japanese VII
03120910	Adv, 1st Time, Japanese

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03120920	Adv, 2nd Time, Japanese
03120930	Adv, 3rd Time, Japanese

Advanced Languages (Cont.)

03400400	Italian IV
03400500	Italian V
03400600	Italian VI
03400700	Italian VII
03400910	Adv, 1st Time, Italian
03400920	Adv, 2nd Time, Italian
03400930	Adv, 3rd Time, Italian
03410400	French IV
03410500	French V
03410600	French VI
03410700	French VII
03410910	Adv, 1st Time, French
03410920	Adv, 2nd Time, French
03410930	Adv, 3rd Time, French
03420400	German IV
03420500	German V
03420600	German VI
03420700	German VII
03420910	Adv, 1st Time, German
03420920	Adv, 2nd Time, German
03420930	Adv, 3rd Time, German
03430400	Latin IV
03430500	Latin V
03430600	Latin VI
03430700	Latin VII
03440400	Spanish IV
03440440	Spanish For Spanish Speakers IV
03440500	Spanish V
03440600	Spanish VI
03440700	Spanish VII
03440910	Adv, 1st Time, Spanish
03440920	Adv, 2nd Time, Spanish
03440930	Adv, 3rd Time, Spanish
03450400	Russian IV
03450500	Russian V

Comprehensive Glossary 2018-19 Texas Academic Performance Report Advanced Languages (Cont.)

03450600	Russian VI
03450700	Russian VII
03450910	Adv, 1st Time, Russian
03450920	Adv, 2nd Time, Russian
03450930	Adv, 3rd Time, Russian
03470400	Portuguese IV
03470500	Portuguese V
03470600	Portuguese VI
03470700	Portuguese VII
03470910	Adv, 1st Time, Portuguese
03470920	Adv, 2nd Time, Portuguese
03470930	Adv, 3rd Time, Portuguese
03490400	Chinese IV
03490500	Chinese V
03490600	Chinese VI
03490700	Chinese VII
03490910	Adv, 1st Time, Chinese
03490920	Adv, 2nd Time, Chinese
03490930	Adv, 3rd Time, Chinese
03510400	Vietnamese IV
03510500	Vietnamese V
03510600	Vietnamese VI
03510700	Vietnamese VII
03510910	Adv, 1st Time, Vietnam
03510920	Adv, 2nd Time, Vietnam
03510930	Adv, 3rd Time, Vietnam
03520400	Hindi IV
03520500	Hindi V
03520600	Hindi VI
03520700	Hindi VII
03520910	Adv, 1st Time, Hindi
03520920	Adv, 2nd Time, Hindi
03520930	Adv, 3rd Time, Hindi
03980400	American Sign Language IV
03530910	Adv, 1st Time, Urdu
03530920	Adv, 2nd Time, Urdu
03530930	Adv, 3rd Time, Urdu
11401910	Adv, 1st Time, Turkish

Comprehensive Glossary 2018–19 Texas Academic Performance Report Advanced Languages (Cont.)

11401920	Adv, 2nd Time, Turkish
11401930	Adv, 3rd Time, Turkish
11403610	Adv, 1st Time, Korean
11403620	Adv, 2nd Time, Korean
11403630	Adv, 3rd Time, Korean
03996000	Other Foreign Languages Level IV
03996100	Other Foreign Languages Level V
03996200	Other Foreign Languages Level VI
03996300	Other Foreign Languages Level VII
A3120400	AP Japanese IV
A3400400	AP Italian IV
A3410100	AP French IV
A3420100	AP German IV
A3430100	AP Latin IV
A3440100	AP Spanish IV
A3440200	AP Spanish V
A3490400	AP Chinese IV
I3110400	IB Arabic IV
I3110500	IB Arabic V
I3120400	IB Japanese IV
I3120500	IB Japanese V
I3410400	IB French IV
I3410500	IB French V
I3420400	IB German IV
I3420500	IB German V
I3430400	IB Latin IV
I3430500	IB Latin V
I3440400	IB Spanish IV
I3440500	IB Spanish V
I3440600	IB Spanish VI
I3440700	IB Spanish VII
I3450400	IB Russian IV
I3450500	IB Russian V
I3480400	IB Hebrew IV
I3480500	IB Hebrew V
I3490400	IB Chinese IV

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2018-19 Texas Academic Performance Report

Advanced Languages (Cont.)

I3490500	IB Chinese V
I3490600	IB Chinese VI
I3490700	IB Chinese VII
I3520400	IB Hindi IV
I3520500	IB Hindi V
I3663600	IB Languages Other Than English Level VI - Other
I3663700	IB Languages Other Than English Level VII - Other
I3996000	IB Languages Other Than English Level IV - Other
I3996100	IB Languages Other Than English Level V - Other

Other

I3000100	IB Theory of Knowledge
I3305100	IB World Religions A
I3366100	IB World Religions B
N1290317	GT Independent Study Mentorship III
N1290318	GT Independent Study Mentorship IV

2018–19 School Report Card (SRC) Definitions

Academic Growth Score: Growth score awarded in School Progress, Part A: Academic Growth for improving performance year over year as measured by STAAR progress measures and performance levels on STAAR. Indicates the amount of improvement or growth made from year to year.

Annual Dropout Rate: Annual Dropout Rate (Gr 9–12) is reported for high schools only. The annual rate is the number of students who dropped out (in grades 9–12) expressed as a percentage of the number of students in attendance in grades 9–12 at any time during the 2017–18 school year.

Attendance Rate: The percentage of days that students were present in 2017–18 based on student attendance for the entire school year. Only students in grades 1–12 are included in the calculation.

Class Size Averages: Class sizes are calculated from teacher class schedules. For example, the total count of students in science is divided by the count of science classes. Elementary classes are shown by grade; secondary classes are shown by subject.

College, Career, and Military Ready: The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated college, career, or military readiness by meeting at least one of the eleven criteria provided in Chapter 2 of the [2019 Accountability Manual](#).

Distinction Designations: Distinction designations are awarded in recognition of outstanding achievement in specific areas. For 2019, distinction designations are awarded in the following areas: Academic Achievement in English Language Arts/Reading, Academic Achievement in Mathematics, Academic Achievement in Science, Academic Achievement in Social Studies, Top 25 Percent: Comparative Academic Growth, Top 25 Percent: Comparative Closing the Gaps, and Postsecondary Readiness.

Economically Disadvantaged: The percentage of economically disadvantaged students is the count of students that are eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or other public assistance divided by the total number of students.

English Learners: These are students identified as having limited English proficiency (LEP), or as English learners (ELs), by the Language Proficiency Assessment Committee (LPAC).

Expenditures per Student: This is calculated as total expenditures for 2017–18 divided by the total membership for 2017–18. For more information, contact the Office of School Finance at 512-463-9238. For a detailed report, see the 2017–2018 PEIMS Financial Actual Reports at <http://tea.texas.gov/financialstandardreports/>.

Federal Graduation Rate (4-Year): This indicator shows the status of students after four years in high school and uses the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) dropout definition and the federal calculation for graduation rate. For further information, see the report [Secondary School Completion and Dropouts in Texas Public Schools, 2017–18](#).

Instructional Expenditure Ratio: This is calculated as instructional and related expenditures for 2017–18 divided by total expenditures for 2017–18. For more information, contact the Office of School Finance at 512-463-9238. For a detailed report, see the 2017–2018 PEIMS Financial Actual Reports at <http://tea.texas.gov/financialstandardreports/>.

2018–19 School Report Card (SRC) Definitions

Instructional Staff Percent: The percentage of the district's FTEs whose job function was to provide classroom instruction directly to students during the 2017–18 school year. For more information, contact the Office of School Finance at 512-463-9238.

Longitudinal Rates: These indicators show the status of students after four years in high school (4-Year Longitudinal Rate), after five years in high school (5-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate), or after six years in high school (6-year Extended Longitudinal Rate). The four-year rate includes students who first attended ninth grade in 2014–15, showing their final status with the Class of 2018. The five-year rate includes students who first attended ninth grade in 2013–14, showing their final status at the end of 2018. The six-year rate includes students who first attended ninth grade in 2012–13, showing their final status at the end of 2018. These show the percentage of students who graduated, received a Texas Certificate of High School Equivalency (TxCHSE), continued high school, or dropped out.

Membership: See Total Students.

Mobility Rate: The percentage of students who have been in membership at a school for less than 83 percent of the school year (i.e., missed six or more weeks).

Progress of Prior-Year Non-Proficient Students: The percentage of students in grades 4–8 who did not reach the satisfactory standard on STAAR in the prior year but passed the corresponding assessment in the current year.

Race/Ethnicity: Students are reported as African American, Hispanic, white, American Indian, Asian, Pacific Islander, and two or more races.

RHSP/DAP Graduates: The percentage of graduates who, after four years, were reported as having satisfied the course requirements for the Recommended High School Program (RHSP) or Distinguished Achievement Program (DAP). It excludes FHSP graduates.

RHSP/DAP/FHSP-E/FHSP-DLA Graduates: The percentage of graduates who, after four years, were reported as having satisfied the course requirements for the Recommended High School Program (RHSP), Distinguished Achievement Program (DAP), Foundation High School Program (FHSP) with an endorsement (FHSP-E) or the distinguished level of achievement (FHSP-DLA).

SAT/ACT Results: The report provides three indicators: (1) Tested shows the percentage of 2017–18 and 2016–17 graduates who took either the SAT or the ACT, (2) Average SAT Score for 2017–18 graduates, and (3) Average ACT Score for 2017–18 graduates.

Special Education: The population of students served in special education programs.

STAAR: The State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness (STAAR®) is a comprehensive testing program for public school students in grades 3–8 or high school courses with end-of-course (EOC) assessments. The STAAR program is designed to measure to what extent a student has learned, understood, and is able to apply the concepts and skills expected at each tested grade level, or after each course for which an EOC assessment exists. Students are assessed in reading (grades 3–8), mathematics (grades 3–8), writing (grades 4 and 7), science (grades 5 and 8), and social studies (grade 8). End-of-course assessments are given for English I and II, Algebra I, Biology, and U.S. History.

2018–19 School Report Card (SRC) Definitions

Measures for the STAAR are shown: STAAR Percent at Approaches Grade Level Standard or Above, Meets Grade Level Standard or Above, and Masters Grade Level. These performance levels are used to determine the Student Achievement domain score, School Progress, Part B: Relative Performance result, and are used within the Closing the Gaps domain components.

Student Success Initiative: The Student Success Initiative (SSI) shows performance on STAAR reading in grades 5 and 8, including performance for students who were not proficient in the past year and re-tested on the assessments.

Total Students: This is the total number of public school students who were reported in membership on October 26, 2018, at any grade from early childhood education through grade 12. Membership differs from enrollment because it does not include students who are served by the district for less than two hours per day. For example, the count of Total Students excludes students who attend a non-public school but receive some services, such as speech therapy, for less than two hours per day from their local public school.

Special Symbols: The 2018–19 SRC uses the following special symbols:

- An asterisk (*) is used to mask small numbers to comply with the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).
- A dash (-) indicates that no students are in this classification.
- n/a indicates that the data are not available or are not applicable.
- A question mark (?) indicates data that are statistically improbable or were reported outside of a reasonable range.

Definiciones para el Reporte de Calificaciones Escolar 2018–19

Academic Growth: Crecimiento Académico—puntaje de crecimiento otorgado en Progreso escolar, Parte A: Crecimiento académico para mejorar el desempeño año tras año según lo medido por las medidas de progreso y niveles de desempeño de STAAR en STAAR. Indica la cantidad de mejoría o crecimiento realizado año tras año

Annual Dropout Rate: Tasa Anual de Deserción Escolar—La tasa anual es reportada solo para grados de preparatoria. La tasa anual es el número de estudiantes que abandona los estudios (en grados 9^o a 12^o) expresado como un porcentaje del número de estudiantes que asisten a la escuela en esos grados durante el año escolar 2017-18.

Attendance Rate: Tasa de Asistencia—Este reporte muestra la tasa de asistencia estudiantil del 1^{er} al 12^o grado para el año escolar 2017–18.

Class Size Averages: Tamaño Promedio del Salón Escolar—El tamaño de las clases se calcula utilizando los horarios de clases que imparten los maestros. Por ejemplo, se suma el número de estudiantes en ciencias naturales y se divide por el número de clases de ciencias naturales. Las clases de primaria se presentan por grado; las de educación intermedia y preparatoria se presentan por materia.

College, Career, and Military Ready: Preparación para la Universidad, la carrera y el ejército—el porcentaje de graduados anuales que demostraron estar preparados para la universidad, la carrera o el ejército al cumplir al menos uno de los once criterios que se proporcionan en el Capítulo 2 del [Manual de Responsabilidad 2019](#).

Distinction Designations: Nombramientos de Distinción—Los nombramientos de distinción se otorgan a las escuelas con desempeño alto en áreas específicas. Para 2019, los nombramientos de distinción se otorgaron en las siguientes áreas: Logro académico en Artes del lenguaje en inglés (ELA)/Lectura, Logro académico en matemáticas, Logro académico en ciencias, Logro académico en estudios sociales, 25% con puntuación más alta: progreso de los estudiantes, 25% con puntuación más alta: disminución de la diferencia entre los niveles de desempeño y Preparación post preparatoria.

Economically Disadvantaged: Estudiantes con Desventaja Económica—El porcentaje de alumnos con desventaja económica se calcula sumando estudiantes con derecho a recibir almuerzos gratuitos o a un precio reducido o con otro tipo de asistencia pública divididos entre el número total de estudiantes en la escuela.

English Learners: Estudiantes Inglés—Estos estudiantes están identificados por el comité LPAC (*Language Proficiency Assessment Committee*) con un dominio limitado del inglés (*LEP*) o también conocidos como estudiantes ELL.

Expenditures per Student: Gastos por Estudiante—Muestra el gasto anual real durante 2017–18 dividido entre el número total de estudiantes durante 2017–18. Para más información, comuníquese con la Oficina de Finanzas de la Escuela a 512-463-9238. También puede ver los reportes financieros (*Financial Standard Reports*) en: <http://tea.texas.gov/financialstandardreports/>.

Federal Graduation Rate: Tasa de graduación Federal—este indicador muestra el estado de los estudiantes después de cuatro años en la escuela preparatoria y utiliza la definición de deserción del Centro Nacional de Estadísticas de la Educación (NCES) y el cálculo federal para la tasa de graduación. Para obtener más información, consulte el informe Finalización de la escuela preparatoria y [deserción en las escuelas públicas de Texas, 2017–18](#).

Definiciones para el Reporte de Calificaciones Escolar 2018–19

Instructional Expenditure Ratio: Proporción de los Gastos Instruccionales—Este se calcula dividiendo los gastos relacionados con instrucción en el año 2017–18 entre el total de gastos en el 2017–18. Para más información, comuníquese con la Oficina de Finanzas de la Escuela a 512-463-9238. También puede ver los reportes financieros (*Financial Standard Reports*) en https://tea.texas.gov/sites/default/files/dropcomp_2017-18_v3.pdf.

Instructional Staff Percent: Porcentaje del Personal de Instrucción—El porcentaje de empleados de tiempo completo del distrito cuya función laboral era proporcionar instrucción en el salón directamente a los estudiantes durante el año escolar 2017–18. Para más información, comuníquese a la Oficina de Finanzas de la Escuela 512-463-9238.

Longitudinal Rates: Tasas Longitudinales—Este indicador muestra el estatus de los estudiantes después de cuatro años en la preparatoria (tasa longitudinal de 4 años) o después de cinco años en la escuela preparatoria (tasa longitudinal extendida de 5 años), o después de 6 años en la escuela preparatoria (tasa longitudinal extendida de 6 años). La tasa longitudinal de 4 años (*4-Year Longitudinal Rate*) consiste en estudiantes que estuvieron en noveno grado por primera vez en el 2014–15 y se muestra su estatus final con la generación del 2018. La Tasa longitudinal extendida de 5 años (*5-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate*) consiste en estudiantes que estuvieron por primera vez en noveno grado en el 2013–14 y muestra su estatus final en el 2018. La Tasa longitudinal extendida de 6 años consiste en estudiantes que estuvieron por primera vez en noveno grado en 2012-2013 y muestra su estatus final en el 2018. Esto muestra el porcentaje de estudiantes que se graduaron, estuvieron en un programa de graduación alternativo (GED), continuaron en la preparatoria o deserción.

Membership: Membresía—Ver Número total de estudiantes.

Mobility Rate: Tasa de Movilidad—Se considera que un estudiante es móvil si ha estado en una escuela menos de un 83% del año escolar (faltar seis o más semanas).

Progress of Prior-Year Non-Proficient Students: Crecimiento de Estudiantes con Pobre Desempeño el Año Anterior—El porcentaje de estudiantes en los grados del 4 al 8 que no lograron un desempeño satisfactorio en la prueba STAAR el año anterior, pero lo obtuvieron en las pruebas correspondientes del presente año.

Race/Ethnicity: Raza/Etnicidad—Los estudiantes se reportan como afro-americano, hispano, anglo-europeo, indio nativo norteamericano, asiático, de las islas del Pacífico y de dos o más razas.

RHSP/DAP Graduates: RHSP/DAP para Graduados—Este índice reporta el porcentaje de estudiantes graduados que, después de cuatro años, los cuales cumplieron con los requisitos del Programa Recomendado para las Escuelas Secundarias (*Recommended High School Program–RHSP*) o del Programa de Desempeño Distinguido (*Distinguished Achievement Program–DAP*). Quedan excluidos los estudiantes graduados bajo el Programa Básico Fundamental (FHSP).

RHSP/DAP/FHSP-E/FHSP-DLA Graduates: RHSP/DAP/FHSP-E/FHSP-DLA para Graduados—Porcentaje de graduados que, después de cuatro años, están reportados como estudiantes que cumplieron con los cursos requeridos en el Programa Recomendado para las Escuelas Preparatorias (RHSP), en el Programa de Desempeño Distinguido (DAP), en el Programa Básico Fundamental (FHSP) con una especialidad (FHSP-E) o en el de Nivel de Desempeño Destacado (FHSP-DLA).

Definiciones para el Reporte de Calificaciones Escolar 2018–19

SAT/ACT Results: Resultados del SAT/ACT—El reporte provee cuatro indicadores: (1) Evaluados (*Tested*) muestra el porcentaje de graduados que tomaron ya sea el SAT o el ACT; (2) A nivel o más alto de la calificación criterio (*At/Above Criterion*) muestra el porcentaje de los estudiantes que tomaron el examen y obtuvieron una puntuación a nivel o más alta de la calificación criterio (*Criterion Score*) de 1010 para el SAT basada en secciones combinadas en lectura, escritura y matemáticas y 23 para el ACT; (3) Calificación promedio en el SAT (*Mean SAT Score*) y (4) Calificación Promedio del ACT (*Average ACT Score*). La información que se muestra corresponde a las generaciones del 2017 y 2018.

Special Education: Educación Especial—Se refiere a la población de estudiantes que recibe servicios en los programas de educación especial.

STAAR: STAAR— Las pruebas STAAR es un programa de exámenes de comprensión, evaluación académica y de preparación del Estado de Texas para estudiantes de grado 3 y 8 o de estudiantes de preparatoria con cursos de fin de año en escuelas públicas. Las pruebas STAAR son un programa de evaluación diseñado para medir hasta qué punto un estudiante ha aprendido, ha entendido y es capaz de aplicar los conceptos y destrezas en cada grado que se evalúa. Los estudiantes son evaluados en las siguientes materias: lectura (grados 3 al 8), matemáticas (grados 3 al 8), escritura (grados 4 y 7), ciencias (grados 5 y 8) y estudios sociales (grado 8). Las pruebas de fin de cursos (*EOC tests*) se dan en las siguientes materias: Inglés I y II, Álgebra I, Biología e Historia de EE.UU.

Las medidas de las pruebas STAAR que se muestran son: Porcentaje STAAR en Cerca del Nivel del Grado o superior, Cumple con el Nivel del Grado o Domina el Nivel del Grado que usan para determinar el Porcentaje del Dominio de Rendimiento, Dominio del Progreso Escolar, Parte B: resultado de Rendimiento Relativo y serán usados en el Dominio de Cerrando las Brechas. Asimismo, el Porcentaje STAAR cumplió o excedió la medida de progreso y Porcentaje STAAR excedió la medida de progreso, los cuales se usan para determinar la puntuación del el Progreso de la escuela, Parte A: Crecimiento Académico.

Student Success Initiative: Iniciativa de Éxito Estudiantil—La iniciativa para el éxito estudiantil (*SSI*) muestra el desempeño en las pruebas STAAR de lectura en los grados 5 y 8, incluyendo el desempeño de estudiantes que no salieron bien el año pasado y volvieron a tomar las pruebas.

Total Students: Número Total de Estudiantes—Es el número total de estudiantes inscritos en escuelas públicas el 27 de Octubre de 2018 en cualquier grado desde preprimaria hasta el 12^o grado. El número total de estudiantes es distinto al de estudiantes inscritos, ya que no incluye a los estudiantes que reciben servicios del distrito por menos de dos horas al día. Por ejemplo, el total de estudiantes excluye estudiantes que asisten a escuelas que no son públicas, pero reciben ciertos servicios del distrito escolar, como terapia de lenguaje por menos de dos horas al día en una de sus escuelas públicas.

Símbolos especiales: La Calificación Escolar de 2017–18 utiliza símbolos especiales en las siguientes circunstancias:

- Se usa un asterisco (*) para cubrir números pequeños de estudiantes y así cumplir con las leyes federales de protección de derechos y privacidad de la familia en cuestiones educativas *Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)*.
- Un guion (-) indica que no hay estudiantes en esta clasificación.
- n/a indica que la información no está disponible o no aplica.
- Un signo de interrogación (?) indica que la información es improbable estadísticamente o se reportó fuera de un rango razonable.